The Oldest, Largest and Best Advertising Medium in Oneida County.

THE NEW NORTH.

The Most Widely Circulated Paper Published in Northern Wis.

VOLUME 28 NO. 18 — RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1906. — TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

At

SPAFFORD & COLE'S

TODAY

New London Creamery butter 20c

Choice Farmer Dairy butter 16c

In jars or by the pound.

SPAFFORD & COLE

You can buy just what you want at

BUCK'S

REMOVAL SALE

At about half of what other stores would ask you for like qualities.

Men's Hand Tailored Suits, Fine Shoes, Hats, extra Trousers, Fine Summer Shirts and Underwear. All new up-to-date goods to pick from at about half of former price.

H. M. BUCK'S Clothing House

The Store That Sets the Pace. Originators of Low Prices

DEATH OF F. S. STILES.

Fred S. Stiles, for many years in the employ of the Ross Lumber Co. at Arbor Vitae, died at that place last Tuesday. Mr. Stiles was thirty-five years of age and is survived by a wife and two children. He had been a frequent visitor to Rhinelander and had many friends here.

The remains were taken to Wausau for burial. The Ross Lumber Co. furnished a special train to convey the body and friends and mourners from Arbor Vitae to Woodruff and the journey to Wausau was made by a special car. S. B. Gary and W. J. Morgan of this city attended the funeral.

APPOINTED SUPERINTENDENT.

John Alpine, who for the past two years has been with the Rhinelander Paper Co., leaves Saturday of this week for Park Falls, Wis. where he becomes superintendent of the Flambeau Paper Co. Mrs. Alpine and children will not go to Park Falls for two weeks or so, or until Mr. Alpine secures a house there. During their residence in the city Mr. and Mrs. Alpine have made many friends and their departure from Rhinelander is regretted.

PERAULT-DUNN WEDDING.

Miss Laura Perault and Michael Dunn, two young people of this city were married at an early hour Tuesday morning. Father Francis performed the ceremony at St. Mary's church in the presence of a number of relatives and friends. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Malinda Perault and the groom by his brother, Steve Dunn. They left on the Soo at 7:20 for Minneapolis where they will enjoy their honeymoon. The groom is an employe of the Soo railway company and he and his bride have a host of friends who extend best wishes.

DEATH OF REV. COLBY AT WAUPACA

F. A. Lowell received word Sunday night of the sudden death in Waupaca of his uncle, Rev. Colby.

Mr. Lowell, accompanied by Mrs. Lowell and Frances left for Waupaca Monday morning.

As short a time as two weeks ago, when Mr. Lowell was visiting in Waupaca his uncle appeared to be in perfect health, but was taken suddenly with congestion of the lungs and died after a very brief illness.

CELEBRATE THE FOURTH.

Rhinelander will celebrate the Fourth of July in the usual way. The arrangements are in charge of the Military band. Prizes will be given for various races and sports which will be held on Brown street. There will be an exhibition drill by Co. L and a fire run in the evening. Two dances will also be conducted in the evening.

COMPANY L INSPECTED.

Major Wallace P. Green of Marinette was in Rhinelander Monday night and inspected Co. L at the Armory. He appeared to be very well pleased with the drill work and excellent showing made by the boys. Co. L now numbers about 80 members and is growing rapidly. The company will go to Camp Douglas for the annual encampment July 21st.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE.

Saturday evening of this week Staff Captain Jack Dale of the Salvation Army will deliver his interesting lecture, "From Hell's Gate to Golden Gate," at the Methodist church.

Capt. Dale carries a stereopticon view apparatus with him and has many interesting views of the country from New York City to San Francisco, including the slums of New York, the San Francisco earthquake, Yosemite Valley, and Yellowtone Park, and furnishes a pleasant evening's entertainment. The prices of admision are 25 and 15 cents. The proceeds for the benefit of the army.

HOME TEAM DEFEATED.

Rhinelander was defeated at base ball by Hurley, Sunday in this city. Score 10 to 2. The game was largely attended.

BREAK INTO STORE.

Brigg's bicycle and gun store on Brown street was entered last Thursday night and two revolvers stolen. The thief crawled through a window in the rear of the building.

The Glorious Fourth Along the Soo Line Will be celebrated in the good old way. Everyone is going somewhere at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale July 3rd and 4th, good to return July 5th, 1906. Ask the agent. J21-2t.

INFORMATION WANTED,

as to the whereabouts of Albert Bock. Anyone knowing of the whereabouts of Albert Bock, 18 years of age, will please write or tell him to write to his mother

MRS. MATILDA BOCK,
J8-1y3. Three Lakes, Wis.

The new designs in wall papers are startling. Call and look them over.
J. J. REARDON.

PHYSICAL CULTURE PICNIC.

The ladies of the physical culture class enjoyed a picnic on Shepard's porch last Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Shepard were not advised of the event until it happened. The ladies intended to hold it in the grove but the bugs were too plentiful there, so they took possession of the porch. No gentlemen were invited to participate in the festivities, but when a crowd of ladies take possession of his premises, it is not 'Gene Shepard's usual custom to run out and crawl under the barn and hide. He was there. And when the time came to eat, the ladies found that without any gentlemen to supervise the supper arrangements for them, several necessary articles such as butter and cream had been forgotten, and in order to not have the whole thing break up in a row, Mr. and Mrs. Shepard supplied the deficiencies. Two of the ladies who have become quite proficient in the art of physical culture, gave an exhibition of what they have learned by gracefully rolling down the hill. A very pleasant afternoon and evening was spent at the Shepard home and was much enjoyed by the ladies.

JUNIOR CHURCH SERVICE.

The Junior service at the Congregational church Sunday evening illustrated the possibilities of this movement and showed how well a formal church service may be carried on by children. The junior choir never sang so well. The sermorette by Douglas Foster was given with strong voice and clean articulation and made a decided impression. Mr. Wilson explained the plans to be carried out with the new season in the fall. It involves several departments such as public worship, religious instruction, missionary service and study, and a department of entertainment and recreation. Committees of adults are to assist the pastor in this varied work.

CHURCH NEWS.

First Baptist.

Saturday evening at 8 o'clock Dr. D. W. Halbert of Wauwatosa will conduct a service in the Baptist church.

Morning worship next Sunday at 10:30 conducted by Rev. L. M. Edmonds.

Sunday school at 11:30.

There will no evening service on account of union service in Congregational church.

Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

Junior meeting Friday afternoon at 4.

Children's chorus meets for practice every Monday afternoon at 4:30.

You are invited to be present at the services of this church.

DR. FREDERIC W. FAYER.

St. Augustine's

Services next Sunday:
Holy Eucharist, 7:30 a. m.
Holy Eucharist 10:30 a. m.
Evening prayer, 7:30 p. m.

Sunday evening, as the nearest day to the Fourth, will be kept as a patriotic service. Visitors will be cordially welcomed at the patriotic service and at all other services.

REV. J. M. JOHNSON.

Congregational.

Morning service at 10:30 with sermon by the pastor.

Union service at 8 o'clock with sermon by the Rev. Richard Evans of the Methodist church.

A union young people's meeting at 7 o'clock.

REV. A. G. WILSON.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Committee on Liquor license will meet and be in session at the office of the City Clerk on the 2nd day of July 1906 at hour of 8 P. M. to consider and make recommendations on the applications filed for such Liquor licenses.

Anyone who intends to apply for such license, is requested to file his application with the City Clerk before such date above mentioned.

(Signed)
GEO. SMITH, H. L. HOKE, P. CAULKINS,
Committee.

To St. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, and Return $25.00, Via the Soo Line.

Tickets will be on sale at the above rate July 8, 9 and 10th, 1906, and will be good for return passage until August 31st, 1906. Stopovers will be allowed at points in Canada on return trip. Through sleeping and dining car service to Montreal. Ask the agent.

Report of the Financial Condition of the Merchant's State Bank, located at Rhinelander, Wis., state of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 15th day of June, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$372,017.51
Overdrafts	1,023.99
Bonds	12,384.92
Deposit Box Account	56.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	15,000.00
Due from banks	98,761.33
Checks on other banks and cash items	3,106.83
Exchanges for clearing house	418.00
Cash on hand	15,794.73
Total	$478,556.31

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	12,000.00
Undivided profits	20,225.47
Individual Deposits subject to check	198,298.83
Demand Certificates of Deposit	15,241.59
Time Certificates of Deposit	153,641.87
Savings Deposits	18,103.05
Certified Checks	250
Total	$478,556.31

STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY OF ONEIDA, } ss.

I, M. H. Raymond, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. H. RAYMOND, Cashier.

(Notarial Seal)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22nd day of June, 1906.

CHAS. H. PETERSON,
Notary Public, Oneida Co., Wis.

Correct Attest:
E. O. BROWN,
C. W. BROWN, } Directors.

WANTED:—Position as bookkeeper. Inquire at this office. 1f

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination to the office of assemblyman in the 33rd district consisting of the teritory of Oneida, Iron and Vilas counties. I have lived in the territory twenty-four years and have been a land cruiser thirty-six years. I would very respectfully ask my friends to support me which would be very much appreciated.

E. S. SHEPARD.

To The Voters of Oneida County:

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Oneida County, subject to the Republican primary Sept 4th. I have been a citizen of Oneida county when it belonged to Lincoln county, been County Treasurer four years, am thoroughly familiar with all county records, and if elected will give the office my personal attention, and discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

C. EBY.

To the Voters of Oneida County:

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Oneida County, subject to the Republican primary Sept. 4th, 1906.

tf. THOS. O'HARE.

To the Voters of Oneida County:

I am a candidate for the nomination for the office of Sheriff of Oneida County, and ask the support of my friends. If elected will give the office my personal attention.

DICK COLE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff subject to the Republican primary Sept. 4, and would like the support of my friends.

W. R. MARKHAM.

Upon the request of friends throughout the district I have decided to become a candidate for the Assembly at the Republican primary Sept. 4th.

A. M. RILEY.

I will be a candidate for renomination at the September primaries for the office of Register of Deeds.

J. L. MCLAUGHLIN.

FOR RENT.

Mill boarding house. Apply to
tf. BROWN BROS. LBR. CO.

BARNES-WEESNER AGENCY

INSURANCE

Loans,
Real Estate,
Collections.

Merchants State Bank Building
Rhinelander, Wis.

RICKMIRE'S LAND AGENCY

Fine building lot in good location on South side, only $200.00.

7 room cottage and large lot, water works in kitchen, fine location on South side, $1250.00.

9 room house with all modern improvements including furnace and large lot, South side. $3500.00.

11 room house and lot, two blocks from Soo depot, well in kitchen, only $1000.00.

7 room house with stone cellar and furnace and 12 lots, barn and hay-shed in good location $1500.00.

2½ acres in city limits well located $750.00.

2 lots 2 blocks from court house $500.00.

7 room house and 2 lots, well with pump, near first viaduct $1200.00.

2 lots on west side for sale cheap and on easy terms.

5 or 10 acres 1 mile from city limits for sale on easy terms.

Lots for sale in all parts of the city. Money loaned on improved farm property.

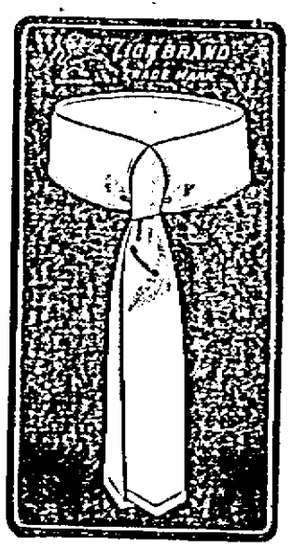
Fire insurance written.

A. P. RICKMIRE, Prop.
SHEPARD BLOCK

LAW
REAL ESTATE LOANS,
INSURANCE.

The above lines are covered at the agency of

PAUL BROWNE



The New Outing Collar

Neck Comfort for Summer Attire.

It's soft—no starch Something new that is a great comfort on warm days or any day. Can be worn with any shirt.

Buck's Clothing House

The Store That Sets the Pace. Originators of Low Prices

SEE

THE 1906 DESIGNS IN

WALL PAPER!

At G. P. ALEXANDER'S

He has this year the finest line in Northern Wisconsin. The only prize winning designs at the St. Louis fair in the city. He will be pleased to have you call and see this line display whether you want to buy or not.

Prairie River Stock Farm

PURE BRED SHORT HORNS FOR SALE AT FARMER PRICES.

Ages ranging from three months to three years. All correspondence promptly answered. Write for prices and full information.

GEO. GIBSON, Prop. - MERRILL, WIS.

NEW NORTH.

Parr & Co., Publishers

RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

LATE FOREIGN DISPATCHES

Interesting Items of News Gathered from All Parts of the Globe and Outlined in the Briefest Manner Possible.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Important measures extending federal regulation and control have been enacted at the first session of the fifty-ninth congress. The railroad rate and the meat inspection bills will soon become laws, and before adjournment of congress both houses will have passed pure food bills which, though dissimilar in terms, are both based on the same principle of federal control.

A large number of bills were introduced in the two houses. The calendar records that the number has reached nearly 20,000, 500 more than were introduced during the entire three sessions of the last congress.

The senate took a position in accord with the president and the house of representatives by declaring for a lock canal across the Isthmus of Panama.

With practical unanimity the house adopted the substitute amendment for the Beveridge amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill relating to meat inspection, the objectionable feature of former amendments being eliminated and the amendment perfected to meet the wishes of the president.

The president sent to the senate the nominations of Herbert H. D. Peirce, now third assistant secretary of state, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Norway, and Huntington Wilson, of Illinois, to succeed Mr. Peirce as third assistant secretary of state.

The house passed the bill appropriating $25,000 to defray president's traveling expenses during the year.

The measure providing for popular selection of senators was defeated in the house.

The house concurred in the senate amendments to the bill authorizing the city of St. Louis to build a bridge across the Mississippi river.

A law was passed by congress which will result in appropriate markings being made over the graves of confederate veterans of the army and navy who died in northern prisons during the civil war.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Norway emerged from the shadow which has clouded its history for 600 years, when a king of the nation's own choosing was crowned in the nation's ancient capital. Norsemen have forgotten their country's bitterly tragic past in the hope of a brighter future, beginning with the reign of their new rulers, King Haakon and Queen Maud.

King Haakon and Queen Maud received the several Norwegian-American delegations at Trondhjem. The entire court was present. The pilgrims from the United States spent 25 minutes with the king and queen.

The wearing of the insignia of the Grand Army of the Republic or other soldier organizations by others than members of the said organizations was made a misdemeanor with appropriate punishment.

Judge Jones, at Sioux City, Ia., approved the $25,000 bond upon which the state supreme court had ordered that Mrs. Kaufmann, accused of the murder of Agnes Polreis, her servant maid, should be released from jail.

J. P. Cudahy of the Cudahy Packing company, of Kansas City, said that the Louisville Packing company, which closed down Saturday night, is not a branch of the Cudahy Packing company.

Thomas F. Gunn, rector of the Church of the Immaculate Conception at Cedar Rapids, Ia., for 40 years, died suddenly from a stroke of apoplexy. He was one of the best known Catholic churchmen in the state.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth and other Americans were the guests of Emperor William at a dinner on the emperor's yacht at Kiel.

John Esburg and Paul Ross were shot at Davenport, Ia., by "Cappy" Hoffman, who escaped. Esberg was shot through the heart, dying instantly. Ross was shot in the stomach and will probably die. Esberg and Ross had been the aggressors.

Three hundred and fifty Sudanese were killed and 100 captured by the punitive expedition sent from El-Obeid to relieve the garrison at Talodi, which was attacked by native tribesmen early in June.

The tales of atrocities committed at Bialystok are innumerable. The mob seemed to delight in torturing the victims. Strips of flesh were cut from their bodies, children were snatched from their mothers' arms and taken by the legs and brained on the pavement before the eyes of their parents.

A band of 200 Pulujanes under Caesario Pastor attacked the town of Burauen, on the island of Leyte. They killed five policemen, wounded five and captured the remainder of the force except the lieutenant, who was in command. Pastor, the Pulujanes leader, was killed during the encounter.

Mr. Robertson, of Baltimore, general manager of the Western Maryland railroad, his examination being conducted by Mr. Whitney, special counsel for the commission, admitted the Western Maryland Railroad company was the owner of the Davis Coal & Coke company.

John Murray Dowie, 40 years old, of Essex, Ia., arrived in Chicago to testify before Judge Landis in the United States court, where a suit to determine who owns Zion City is being tried, that he is the father of John Alexander Dowie, the "first apostle."

The Ohio federation of Catholic societies adopted resolutions declaring that "The work of purifying and elevating the stage can be accomplished," and urging the members of the Catholic federation to lend their assistance to the work by not patronizing any play that offends against morality or religion.

Organized labor has succeeded in its requests of the present session of congress to the extent of securing the enactment of what is known as the "employers' liability bill.

Judge Samuel P. Wheeler, a prominent member of the Illinois bar and one of the trustees of the state normal at Carbondale, is critically ill at his home in Springfield, and it is feared that he will not recover.

One of the Howard street bridges over the Spokane river at Spokane, Wash., collapsed. John P. Beem, from Honey Creek, Wis., was carried down in the wreck, but his clothing caught, saving him.

Two workmen employed in the Krupp works at Essen have been arrested, charged with betraying military secrets.

Alexandre Weill, one of the principal members of the firm of Lazard Freres, bankers, died at Paris.

Hardin Davis, a negro of Cairo, Ill., shot and probably fatally wounded a street car conductor, W. J. Kessly, and also wounded Frank Dargel, a baseball player of Paducah, Ky. Davis refused to pay his fare and Conductor Kessly put him off.

The leading commercial men are now taking a more hopeful view of the prospects of securing a share of the trade of Manchuria, and it appears that the Japanese government appears willing to fulfill its promise of an open door in that country—at least it has shown a better disposition than the military authorities.

Fines aggregating $55,000 and sentences of imprisonment for two men were imposed by Judge McPherson of the United States district court at Kansas City, as a result of the recent convictions for conspiracy in granting and receiving railroad rebates.

President Roosevelt has decided to begin a series of prosecutions against the Standard Oil company. There will be criminal proceedings in a number of different judicial districts.

Magnus Cross, president of the New York City Teachers' association, has arrived at San Francisco with a draft for $10,000 for the relief of San Francisco teachers in distress.

The large warehouse in East Hartford, Conn., belonging to W. L. Hunting & Co., and containing 2,500 cases of tobacco belonging to E. E. Hoffman, of New York city, was totally burned. The loss is placed at about $50,000.

Within the last two years the Ancient Order of Hibernians in the United States has grown from a local membership of 160,000 to 198,000, a record that has never before been equaled in the history of the order.

The committee on the location of the $250,000 Pythian home selected Decatur, Ill.

Earthquake shocks were distinctly felt at the Goodhue county poor farm, near Red Wing, Minn. Beds rocked and articles were jarred from shelves.

The main building of the Casino at the seaside resort of Santa Cruz, Cal., was destroyed. Loss, $144,600. The pleasure pier, the power plant, the tent city and the many other attractions along the water front were saved.

Dr. Chessy L. Wilbur, of Michigan, has been appointed chief statistician for vital statistics in the census bureau, vice William A. King, deceased. Dr. Wilbur was expert special agent in the same bureau.

William H. Moreland, of Cincinnati, died from burns received while trying to rescue some money recently sent home by Jockey Thomas Moreland to pay off a mortgage.

Secretary Lester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows a total of 3,252,011 bales, against 3,457,373 last week. Of this the total of American cotton is 1,855,011, against 1,996,373 last week.

The Wisconsin synod of the Lutheran church received reports that its churches are in excellent condition. The printing plant was operating at a profit of $8,000.

Dr. Sydney O. Heiskell, quarantine physician, died suddenly on the lawn in front of his residence at the Baltimore quarantine station. Apoplexy is believed to have been the cause of death.

The Florida Democratic legislative committee adopted a resolution favoring tariff reforms as an issue and strongly indorsing William J. Bryan as the Democratic candidate for president.

John Fipps, a farmer living one mile west of Redbird, I. T., was beaten to death with a club by John Moore, a negro, who had been farming a crop for Fipps. At the same time Moore's wife assaulted Mrs. Fipps, injuring her seriously.

A state senator and several wealthy stockmen of Montana were arrested by federal officers on a charge of fencing public lands. All of them furnished bonds and will appear before Judge Hunt in Helena.

Easterners are flocking to Billings, Mont., by the hundreds to register for the Crow lands.

Newark health inspectors confiscated the contents of Harry Rosenthal's bologna sausage establishment, a small room in a Jones street leather factory. They claim to have found the utensils, machinery and the room in general reeking with filth and vermin.

Politicians are eagerly awaiting the first indication of the policy to be pursued by the new governor of Ohio, Andrew L. Harris, in regard to the appointments made by his predecessor. Should he annul those already made and name Republicans in the stead of the Democratic appointees of Pattison, there may be a deadlock.

Fines amounting to $20,000 and costs aggregating $5,000 are to be paid by the International Harvester company for breaking the Arkansas law. The corporation admitted it violated the anti-trust laws of the state.

Robert Olyphant, James C. Holden and Charles E. Miller, members of the Mutual Life Insurance company's old committee on expenditures, have resigned from the board of trustees.

Four dead and one perhaps fatally injured, all white men, is the result of an attempt by three life term convicts to escape from Angola, La., state convict farm.

At Narlibere recently, a detachment of Turkish troops surprised a Greek band of 14, killing six of them. The remainder escaped.

The federal grand jury called to look into the evidence on which charges of peonage had been preferred against New Madrid county, Missouri, farmers, reported two true bills.

Two earthquake shocks half an hour apart, slightly damaged many buildings in Santiago, Cuba. Several persons were slightly injured by falling articles.

William Jennings Bryan at Trondhjem to witness the coronation of King Haakon VII., practically outlined his platform for 1908. He said: "The next election will decide whether America is to swallow the trusts or the trusts swallow America. My position is that a private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. That was in the Democratic platform in 1900, a similar plank was incorporated in the platform of 1904, and it is the only tenable position."

The Wisconsin supreme court sustained the inheritance tax law. It imposes a tax upon every transfer of property, real or personal, lying within the jurisdiction of the state made either by will of the interstate laws of the state or in contemplation of the death of the owner and to take effect after his death.

The Wisconsin supreme court set aside the decision of the lower court which entered a judgment of $10,000 against each of four railroads for alleged incorrect reporting of gross earnings as charged by Railroad Commissioner Thomas.

In an opinion handed down by the Illinois supreme court it is held that municipal officers have the discretionary powers which they may use in granting or refusing a saloon license unless expressly restricted by the language of the ordinance.

The Saginaw team withdrew from the Interstate Baseball league. The team will play independent ball.

Tuberculosis of the lungs and pneumonia were the leading causes of death in the United States, according to a special report on mortality in 1904, issued by the census bureau.

Two years at hard labor in the state penitentiary at Waupun was the sentence meted out to James P. Nolan, who was Democratic candidate for secretary of state of Wisconsin in 1904. He was accused of embezzling $200.

The Massachusetts house of representatives voted to expel Representative Frank J. Gethro, of Boston, Democrat, thus upholding the report of the committee on rules.

Five frame buildings, two residences and three store rooms, were burned at Gladstone, Ill. Loss, $4,000.

The Republicans of the Sixth Missouri district nominated William C. Atkeson, of Butler for congress by acclamation.

A suicide pact between Mrs. Mary Behrens, a widow, and Edward Ganzer, who had a wife and five children, resulted in the death of both, and of Peter Behrens, the 12-year-old son of Mrs. Behrens, at Brooklyn.

William Cullen Dennis, of Indiana, has been appointed assistant solicitor to the department of state.

Judge Marcus W. Atheson, of the United States district court for the third federal district, comprising Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, died suddenly of heart disease in Pittsburg.

Circuit Attorney Sager, of St. Louis, has dismissed the charge of bribery against T. E. Albright, former member of the St. Louis house of delegates, who was acquitted at Macon after the trial on a charge of perjury.

Fraternal beneficiary associations conducted for the mutual benefit of members, according to a decision of the Nebraska supreme court are not charitable institutions, and their property and funds are not exempt from taxation.

With a ceremonial modified from the old Norse forms to meet the modern democratic spirit of the country, King Haakon VII. and Queen Maud in the old Trondhjem cathedral were anointed, blessed and given Norway's crowns.

The Illinois supreme court granted a rehearing in the case involving the constitutionality of the juvenile court act of a year ago. The decision which is to be reviewed held the principal provisions of the act to be unconstitutional.

After a desperate fight at Perlepstich, near Kochana, a force of imperial troops annihilated a band of 12 under Capt. Christe, of the Bulgarian army. The troops lost two killed and four wounded.

The cable attached to an eight-ton skip in No. 6 shaft of the Quincy mine at Calumet, Mich., broke and as the car dropped down the shaft at a tremendous speed it killed two men and injured another.

A jury at Macon, Mo., returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of T. Edward Albright, former member of the St. Louis municipal assembly, who had been on trial on a charge of perjury in connection with the Suburban railroad franchise.

The supreme court of Missouri in banc overruled the motion for a rehearing filed by counsel for "Lord" Frederick Seymour Barrington, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of James P. McGann.

The jury at Cleveland, O., brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case of the ice dealers indicted for alleged violation of the Valentine anti-trust law.

By a decision of the Nebraska supreme court the last chance of the state of Nebraska to recover $500,000, the amount of the defalcation of former State Treasurer Joseph S. Bartley, has gone.

At West Plains, Mo., Henry Mize, a wealthy farmer, died from the effects of poison. J. P. Bremmer, his son-in-law, who was accused by Mize of having given him poisoned water, has been arrested.

As a result of the active intervention of the president the senate will vote to adopt the lock type of canal across the isthmus of Panama.

J. B. Binns, formerly a lieutenant in the United States army stationed at Fort Davis, committed suicide by jumping overboard from the steamer Ohio while the vessel was en route from Nome to Seattle.

The finance minister announced in the house the dominion government on the advice of the British consul at San Francisco had forwarded $60,000 of the $100,000 voted for the relief of the sufferers.

SENTENCED TO JAIL.

Ice Dealers at Toledo, Ohio, Convicted of Combination and get Heavy Sentences.

Toledo, O., June 26.—In the common pleas court Judge Kinkade imposed the maximum sentence of $5,000 fine and one year in the workhouse on five ice men guilty of conspiracy in the restraint of trade.

The men sentenced are Joseph A. Miller, who was convicted; R. A. Beard R. C. Lemmon, H. P. Breining and Peter H. Waters, who pleaded guilty. The judge said the sentences might be mitigated in the event the men made restitution.

Hearing on the motions in arrest of judgement cannot be heard for some time, and the ice men will stand committed until the fines are paid or the sentence disposed of.

The five men, all of them prominent in business and social circles, were taken to the county jail to await the making out of the necessary papers to commit them to the workhouse, unless in the meantime they meet Judge Kinkade's requirements of restitution.

These men were indicted under the Valentine anti-trust law for combining to restrain trade. Under the pretext that the ice supply was much smaller than in recent years, these dealers combined and advanced the price from 50 to 100 per cent. They were indicted and one of them stood trial and was convicted. The others entered pleas of guilty.

The sentence is the maximum under the law. If they would escape any part of it they must pay back to customers all overcharges and must agree to sell ice at the price prior to forming the combination. The law provides for imprisonment as well as fine, and if the men go to the workhouse they will be put at hard labor. Two or three of them are worth at least $100,000 each.

Democratic Convention.

St. Paul, Minn.—Tuesday, Sept. 4, is the date agreed upon for the democratic state convention, and Minneapolis is the place selected for the gathering.

The democratic state central committee met at the Merchants hotel and decided upon this date and place. The basis of representation will be one delegate for each 150 votes cast for Johnson in 1904 and three delegates at large for each county, except that Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis will have five delegates at large.

The selection of Minneapolis as the place for the convention was unanimous and was made upon the motion of F. B. Lynch of St. Paul.

The date was selected after considerable discussion. Several of the committeemen wanted an earlier date, and Aug. 22 was proposed but voted down. Some of the members thought that a September date was too late and would not give enough time for the campaign.

Two Sisters Drown.

Red Wing, Minn.—A sad accident occurred here. A launch party left for a Mississippi river trip to Stillwater. When about 15 miles up river an alcohol lamp, which was presumably intended for heating the launch, exploded, causing consternation among the occupants. Two young girls in the party, Grace and Edith Nettum, sisters aged 14 and 12 respectively, in some way leaned over on the side of the boat during the excitement, lost their balance, and fell into the river. Heroic attempts were made to save them from drowning, but they had sunk, not to reappear.

Robbed the City

Minneapolis, Minn.—Burglars entered the vault in the city clerk's office probably Saturday night, and robbed a strong box of $183.73. Another box near by, containing $1,200, they left untouched, and escaped.

The burglars entered through an iron shuttered window to the vault and broke through the inside door to the vault.

City Clerk Lydiard discovered the loss when he unlocked his office in the morning.

Guard Shoots Self

Owatonna, Minn.,—Marion Wright, the son of a local mill owner, was painfully injured while cleaning a gun. Wright was cleaning the weapon preparatory to going to camp with the local company of the national guard, and he placed his hand over the muzzle not knowing that the gun was loaded. He accidentally pulled the trigger and the bullet was discharged, passing through his hand and up his arm inflicting a serious wound.

Drowned

Mitchell, S. D.,—Three men who were fishing in the James river were drowned late one afternoon and up to a late hour in the evening their bodies had not been recovered. Their boat drifted too near the dam at the mill and was drawn under the dam by the back current and the boat capsized. One of the men was named Bell, but the names of the other two men did seem to be known. It is reported that they lived near Spencer.

Souvenir Grab.

Hastings, Minn.—When the women who attended the W. R. C. excursion from Minneapolis left the hotel here to return up the river, Landlord Wescott found that they had carried off with them a number of small articles as souvenirs of their visit. Mr. Wescott at once notified Chief of Police Nesbitt of his losses, and the officer went to the boat to investigate. He met the excursionists as the boat was about to leave for its up-river trip and made the souvenir hunters give up their booty before he allowed them to return home.

A Crazy Cook

Redwing, Minn.,—The passengers and crew on the Milwaukee train which arrived here shortly after 10 o'clock in the morning had an exciting time. William Doage, the colored chef in the dining car, it is alleged suddenly began raving and it took the entire train crew and a number of passengers to keep him in subjection until the Red Wing police, who had been telegraphed to meet the train, landed the offender in jail.

After the battle had been raging for considerable time Doage's adversaries controlled him until reaching this city.

NEWS OF WISCONSIN

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

PETITION FOR A RECEIVER.

Secretary of the Mexican Plantation Company Has Made the Request —Judgements Against Co-Operation Unpaid.

Petition for Receiver.

La Crosse.—Application was filed for a receiver for the Mexican Plantation company, a $700,000 corporation operating a plantation in Mexico, and which has lately been in difficulties. The application was made by Henry E. Horne, secretary of the company. It is alleged that the company is insolvent and unable to pay its debts. Judgments aggregating about $15,000 have recently been taken against the company and have not been paid. The company has several thousand stockholders in all parts of the state. Some of the stockholders are wealthy men, but most of them are wage earners, school teachers being largely represented, many of whom are in danger of losing the savings of a lifetime.

Sons of Veterans Staff.

Sheboygan.—Fred W. Graff, commander of the division of Wisconsin Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., announces the following staff appointments: Adjutant, Eugene A. Hickey; Sheboygan, Wis.; quartermaster, Otto C. Knabe, Sheboygan, Wis.; division counsellor, James F. Oliver, Madison, Wis.; division chaplain, Rev. H. Erffemeyer, Racine, Wis.; division inspector, Will Warner, Thorp, Wis.; mustering officer, Frank E. Merryfield, Stevens Point, Wis.

American Millers Warned.

Milwaukee.—At the millers' mass convention, H. B. Tasker, a London flour importer and representative of the London Flour Trade association, urged the millers to the exercise of greater energy and care in the preservation of their foreign trade. He told them that unless they made earnest and sustained effort their trade in the United Kingdom would be placed in greatest peril by the competition of the British Millers.

Silver Jubilee of College.

Milwaukee.—The silver jubilee of Concordia college, the Lutheran school in this city, was celebrated. Over 5,000 people took part in the celebration, including nearly 1,000 from Chicago and 500 from Sheboygan. The services were of a religious character and were held in a large tent on the campus. After the services there were reunions of graduates, many of whom met for the first time since they were classmates.

Dies on Eve of Wedding.

Milwaukee.—A. G. Marks, local manager for the National Lead company, and a member of the Milwaukee Athletic club, died of typhoid fever, within less than a week of his wedding day.

Mr. Marks was to have been married to Miss Florence Haskell, of Detroit, Mich., within a week, and the invitation cards had been engraved and were being sent out when he was taken ill. His fiance was with him when he died.

Masons Have Celebration.

Black River Falls.—Black River Falls lodge, No. 74, A. F. and A. M., celebrated its fiftieth anniversary, a large attendance of Masons being present, among them Most Worshipful Grand Master E. J. Barr, Right Deputy Grand Master Secretary M. Marsh, and Right Worshipful Grand Secretary William W. Perry, together with representatives from 20 subordinate lodges.

Came from California for Bride.

Kaukana.—George Tullach, of Sacramento, Cal., came across the continent to claim as his bride Miss Bertha Schubring, of this city. Five years ago Tullach was in Kaukana visiting relatives and met Miss Schubring for the first time and had not seen her again.

Indian Killed by Ore Train.

Ashland.—David Belille, pitcher of the Odanah Indian baseball team, was struck by an ore train, dying at Ashland. Belille was a full blooded Chippewa from Courte Orreilles. Last fall he was the star player on the St. Thomas football team of St. Paul.

Supposed Incendiary Fires.

Portage.—The post office at Poynette, owned by Postmaster H. W. Mackenzie; an adjoining butcher shop, owned by H. J. Fosse; and a barber shop also owned by Mackenzie, burned a short time ago. All the fires are said to have been of incendiary origin.

Bank Officials Indicted.

Ashland.—J. S. Ellis, president of the defunct Security Savings bank, and Ellis Kennedy, its cashier, were indicted by the grand jury, each on 12 charges. Recently both were indicted for receiving money when the bank was insolvent.

Pension for Gen. Bragg.

Fond du Lac.—The senate at Washington passed a bill granting a pension of $50 a month to Gen. Edward S. Bragg, of Fond du Lac, Wis. Senator Spooner introduced the bill a few weeks ago at the request of Gen. Bragg, who is in feeble health, is without means of livelihood.

Comes to Baraboo Pastorate.

Baraboo.—The Rev. L. A. Goddard, of Reeding, Conn., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Congregational church.

Wants Bail Money Returned.

Racine.—Frederick Voge wants the municipal court to return to him $500 bail given before he was sent to the state prison for an attack on his wife. After his sentence William Armstrong, then clerk of the court, turned over the bail money to Palmer & Gittings, attorneys for Voge.

Man Triumphs in Divorce Suit.

Chippewa Falls.—Former Assemblyman Farr won in the divorce suit recently instituted by his wife and tried here.

State Capital Notes

Weekly Budget Gathered by Our Special Correspondent at Madison.

Madison.—The state geological survey is systematically studying the condition of the roads of the state, together with the methods used in building them and keeping them in repair. It is taking up this investigation for the purpose of spreading as widely as possible the knowledge of how to build roads properly and how to care for them in the most economical and intelligent manner. Particular attention is being paid to the common dirt road, as it is evident that most roads must be made of dirt found along the roadway for many years to come, and therefore information as to the cheapest and best means of making such roads will be of greatest value. Letters inclosing a list of questions concerning the roads in his township will be sent to each town clerk in a few days. It is important that a complete set of data such as these questions ask for should be in the hands of the geological survey as soon as possible. Any person interested can then find where the best methods of road work in any county are being used, and any advice the survey may be asked for will be based on a complete knowledge of conditions which would be difficult to obtain in any other manner. There is over $1,000,000 spent annually upon the roads of the state by people who know but little of the fundamental principles of road building, and as a consequence much of it is wasted. If the people of the state were to spend $1,000,000 in any other way they would insist on wise, economical management. There is no reason why dirt roads should not be passable at all seasons of the year and afford much more use and pleasure than they do at present.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The supreme court set aside the decision of the lower court which entered a fine of $10,000 against each of four railroads for incorrect reporting of gross earnings as charged by Railroad Commissioner Thomas. The roads are the Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha and the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie. The ad valorem tax law itself is upheld. The law, which was passed by the legislature in 1903, changes the system of assessing railroads from a license tax to a percentage upon a valuation set by the state tax commission sitting as a state board of assessment. The law provides that the railroads shall pay into the state treasury the regular fee as paid under the gross earnings system and that when the valuation of the road is made and the assessment rate determined any excess shall be paid back to and any deficiency shall be made good by the railroad company. The act was attacked by the Chicago & Northwestern. The Wisconsin inheritance tax law was sustained. It imposes a tax upon every transfer of property, real or personal, either by will or the laws of the state, or in contemplation of the death of the owner, to take effect after his death. Transfers under power of attorney are also subject to the tax. The tax so imposed is upon the clear market value of the property at the rates imposed by law and upon the excess of exemptions granted by law. The rates range from one per cent. in the case of a wife, husband, lineal issue, or lineal ancestor of the deceased to five per cent. in the case of most distant relatives. The rates of taxation are graded according to the value of the estates.

Studying State Roads.

The state geological survey is systematically studying the condition of the roads of the state, together with the methods used in building them and keeping them in repair. It is taking up this investigation for the purpose of spreading as widely as possible the knowledge of how to build roads properly and how to care for them in the most economical and intelligent manner. Particular attention is being paid to the common dirt roads, as it is evident that most roads must be made of the dirt found along the roadway for many years to come, and therefore information as to the cheapest and best means of making such roads will be of greatest value. Letters enclosing a list of questions concerning the roads in his township will be sent to each town clerk in a few days. It is important that a complete set of data such as these questions ask for should be in the hands of the geological survey as soon as possible. Any person interested can then find where the best methods of road work in any county are being used, and any advice the survey may be asked for will be based on a complete knowledge of conditions which would be difficult to obtain in any other manner.

Changes in University Faculty.

The regents of the University of Wisconsin made a number of additions to the university faculty. Mrs. Cora Stanahan Woodward was elected adviser of women. Walter Wheeler Cook of the law school of the University of Missouri was elected to a professorship of law. Prof. G. C. Humphrey was promoted from an associate professorship to a professorship of animal industry, and Prof. F. W. Woll was advanced from an associate professorship to a professorship of agricultural chemistry.

More Money for State Guard.

Adjt. Gen. Boardman has received a telegram from Congressman Esch at Washington stating that the bill carrying an appropriation of $2,000,000 for the national guard of the different states had been passed by the house and was ready for the president's approval. The bill will give the Wisconsin guard $52,000 a year, instead of $26,000 as heretofre. The state appropriation for the guard is $130,000 a year, making the total funds for the guard $182,000 a year.

Annual University Commencement.

The fifty-third annual commencement of the University of Wisconsin was held June 20. Baccalaureate degrees were awarded to 438 senior students, the largest number of graduates in the history of the institution. Of the 438 degrees, 182 received the degree of bachelor of arts, 94 bachelor of science and engineering, 44 bachelor of laws, 28 bachelor of philosophy, 19 bachelor of arts in the commerce course, 11 bachelor of science in agriculture, 10 graduates in pharmacy, 3 graduates in music, one bachelor of science in pharmacy and 1 bachelor of letters. President C. R. Van Hise delivered his final address to the graduates, urging upon them the duty of becoming such upright and useful citizens as to repay the state for the cost of their education and otherwise to seek happiness by becoming content and satisfied with their environment. The board of regents held its annual meeting, electing a number of new members of the family, among them C. R. Hutchins of Syracuse university, who will be professor of physical culture and have charge of all college athletics. It developed several days ago that one of the members of the investigating committee would recommend the abolition of the present system of university regents, normal school regents and the department of public instruction, the three to be united in an educational commission to be composed of three men to be chosen at the spring election by the people.

Rate Body Hears Pleas.

Several petitions for orders for lower railroad rates on livestock and lumber to compel roads to transport private cars and to erect and maintain a depot at Lewiston, between Portage and Kilbourn, were heard by the railroad rate commission. The settlement of these matters and other matters recently heard, including the petitions for two cent passenger rates will, it is expected, practically finish the work of the commission for the summer. At the hearing arguments were made on the petition of Secretary of State Houser for lower rates on livestock on the Northwestern and Omaha roads between Mondovi and Milwaukee; on that of A. H. Kronskat of Richland Center for lower rates on lumber on the Milwaukee road, and for joint rates on the Northwestern and Milwaukee roads; on that of Don C. Hall of Stevens Point to compel the Wisconsin Central and other roads to haul his private theatrical car; and on that of E. W. Guildner and others for the erection of a suitable depot at Lewiston. All of these matters were taken under advisement by the commission.

The City in Fear.

Fully 1,500 people spent Sunday, June 17, outside of Madison because of a superstitious fear of the destruction of the city, as predicted by a negro exhorter, who said the waters of Lakes Mendota and Monona would rise up and ingulf the city because of its iniquities. The exhorter called himself Prof. Jones. The prophecy was the talk of the city for several days and scores of timid people drew their deposits from the banks and left town. Hundreds crossed the lakes to pleasure parks and railroads had to put on extra coaches to accommodate the outward rush. One man rushed a houseboat to completion and, with his family, occupied it. University professors and ministers sought to allay the fear through the newspapers, but they were of no avail. Most of the frightened ones returned to the city in the evening.

State Manufactures Increase.

A substantial increase in the manufactures of Wisconsin is shown in a preliminary summary issued by the census bureau at Washington for the calendar year 1904 as compared with 1900. The number of establishments was 8,558, increase 9 per cent.; capital invested $416,417,51, increase 46 per cent.; average number of wage-earners 151,291, increase 10 per cent.; wages $71,471,805, increase 28 per cent.; value of products $411,159,681, increase 26 per cent.

Railroad Plans Improvements.

During the next 12 months the Wisconsin Central will spend about $3,000,000 for important terminal improvements at Superior and Duluth in the interests of the company's new short line from Owen and Ladysmith to Superior and Duluth. This cutoff will make a direct Duluth-Chicago line as well as giving a new eastern outlet from the head of Lake Superior via the Manitowoc car ferry connections. It will be the shortest route to the seaboard from Duluth.

Wants Insurance Opinion.

The insurance commissioner has asked the attorney general for an opinion as to what is his duty to compel the directors of the Wisconsin Life Insurance company of Madison to restore to the company about $20,000 paid to the late F. M. Fay and his widow out of premiums collected from policyholders, the money paid being to cancel a note for a loan and for the release by Mrs. Fay of a contract held by her husband with the company which fell to her after his death.

Gen. King Will Inspect.

Gen. Charles King of Milwaukee will conduct the annual field inspection of the Wisconsin national guard at Camp Douglas in July. An effort was made to get an active officer of the regular army to conduct the inspection, but none could be secured because they will be busy with their own duties during the Wisconsin encampment. The system of markings at the camp this year will be the same as that used in former years, and the minimum limit allowed will be 70 points

THE RAILROAD RATE BILL

Synopsis of the Important Provisions of the New Law.

The Term Common Carriers Includes Railroads, Express Companies, Sleeping Car Companies and Pipe Lines—Passes May Be Issued to Railroad Employes—Authority of Commission to Fix Rates.

Washington.—The following is a synopsis of the important sections of the railroad rate bill:

Section one makes the law apply to corporations or persons engaged in the transportation of oil or other commodities, except water, by pipe line, to those engaged in transportation of passengers or property by railroad or partly by railroad and partly by water, between states.

"Common Carriers" Defined.

The term common carrier is described as follows:

The term "common carrier," as used in this act, shall include express companies and sleeping car companies. The term "railroad," as used in this act, shall include all bridges and ferries used or operated in connection with any railroad, and also all the road in use by any corporation operating a railroad, whether owned or operated under a contract, agrement or lease, and shall also include all switches, spurs, tracks, and terminal facilities of every kind used or necessary in the transportation of the persons or property designated herein.

All charges made for any service rendered or to be rendered in the transportation of passengers or property as aforesaid, or in connection therewith, shall be just and reasonable; and every unjust and unreasonable charge for such service or any part thereof is prohibited and declared to be unlawful.

What Passes May Be Issued.

The section relative to the issuing of railway passes is as follows:

A. No carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall hereafter, directly or indirectly, issue or give any interstaate free ticket, free pass or free transportation for passengers, except to its officers, agents, employes, surgeons, physicians, actual and bona fide attorneys, and members of their immediate families; to ministers of religion, local and traveling secretaries of Young Men's Christian associations, inmates of hospitals and charitable and eleemosynary institutions; to indigent, destitute and homeless persons, and to such persons when transported by charitable societies or hospitals, and the necessary agents employed in such transportation; to inmates of the national homes or state homes for disabled volunteer soldiers and of soldiers' and sailors' homes, including those about to enter and those returning home after discharge, under arrangements with boards of managers, and female nurses that served during the civil war; to ex-union soldiers and sailors and ex-confederate soldiers; and to owners and caretakers of livestock when traveling with such stock or when going to point of shipment or returning from point of delivery.

Exceptions to the Rule.

Provided, that this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the interchange of passes for the officers, agents and employes of carriers, and members of their immediate families, nor to prohibit any carrier from carrying passengers free with the object of providing relief in cases of general epidemic, pestilence or other calamitous visitations, nor prevent such carrier from giving free or reduced transportation to laborers transported to any place for the purpose of supplying any demand for labor at such place.

Cannot Own Coal Mines.

All common carriers are prohibited from transporting from one state to another any, article manufactured, mined or produced by the carrier or under its authority, and owned wholly or in part by the carrier; except that pipe lines operated by oil companies may transport their own commodities as well as those offered for transportation by competitors.

Section 2 amends section 6 of the present law so as to make it obligatory on the part of carriers to file with the commission and keep open to the public schedules showing all rates, fares and charges between different points on its own route and points on other routes, when a through rate is made, and no change should be made in these rates without giving 30 days' notice of change. It also provides for the filing of all contracts and agreements between different lines.

Penalties Are Provided.

The penalties provided for violation of these rates are as follows:

That section 1 of the act entitled "An act to further regulate comemrce with foreign nations and among the states," approved February 19, 1903, be amended so as to read as follows:

The willful failure upon the part of any carrier subject to said acts to file and publish the tariffs or rates and charges as required by said acts, or strictly to observe such tariffs until changed according to law, shall be a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof the corporation offending shall be subject to a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000 for each offense; and it shall be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation to offer, grant or give, or to solicit, accept or receive any rebate, concession or discrimination in respect to the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce by any common carrier subject to said act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereto whereby any such property shall by any device whatever be transported at a less rate than that named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier, as is required by said act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereto, or whereby any other advantage is given or discrimination is practiced.

Every person or corporation who shall offer, grant or give, or solicit, accept, or receive any such rebates, concession, or discrimination shall be deemed guilty or a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000: Provided, that any person, or any officer or director of any corporation subject to the provisions of this act, or the act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, agent or person acting for or employed by any such corporation, who shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall, in addition to fine herein provided for, be liable to imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of not exceeding two years, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. Every violation of this section shall be prosecuted in any court of the United States having jurisdiction of crimes within the district in which such violation was committed, or through which the transportation may have been conducted; and whenever the offense is begun in one jurisdiction and completed in another it may be dealt with, inquired of, tried, determined, and punished in either jurisdiction in the same manner as if the offense had been actually and wholly committed therein.

Authorized to Fix Rates.

Section 15 authorizes the interstate commerce commission to fix rates as follows:

Sec. 4. That section 15 of said act be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 15. That the commission is authorized and empowered, and it shall be its duty, whenever, after full hearing upon a complaint made as provided in section 13 of this act, or upon complaint of any common carrier, it shall be of the opinion that any of the rates, or charges whatsoever, demanded, charged, or collected by any common carrier or carriers, subject to the provisions of this act, for the transportation of persons or property as defined in the first section of this act, or that any regulations or practices whatsoever of such carrier or carriers affecting such rates, are unjust or unreasonable, or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly preferential or prejudicial, or otherwise in violation of any of the provisions of this act, to determine and prescribe what will be the just and reasonable rate or rates, charge or charges, to be thereafter observed in such case as the maximum to be charged; and what regulation or practice in respect to such transportation is just, fair and reasonable to be thereafter followed; and to make an order that the carrier shall cease and desist from such violation, to the extent to which the commission find the same to exist, and shall not thereafter publish, demand, or collect any rate or charge for such transportation in excess of the maximum rate or charge so prescribed, and shall conform to the regulation or practice so prescribed. All orders of the commission, except orders for the payment of money, shall take effect within such reasonable time, not less than 3 0days, and shall continue in force for such period of time, not exceeding two years, as shall be prescribed in the order of the commission, unless the same shall be suspended or modified or set aside by the commission or be suspended or set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Any person, corporation, or company who shall deliver property for interstate transportation to any common carrier, subject to the provisions of this act, or for whom, as consignor or consignee, any such carrier shall transport property from one state, territory, or district of the United States to any other state, territory or district of the United States or foreign country, who shall knowingly and willfully, by employe, agent, officer or otherwise, directly or indirectly, by or through any means or device whatsoever, receive or accept from such common carrier any sum of money, or any other valuable consideration, as a rebate or offset against the regular charges for transportation of such property, as fixed by the schedules of rates provided for in this act, shall be deemed guilty of a fraud, which is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor, and, shall, upon conviction thereof in any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction within the district where such offense was committed, in addition to any other penalties provided by this act, be subjected to a fine equal to three times the sum of money so received or accepted, and three times the value of any other consideration so received or accepted, to be ascertained by the trial court; and in the trial for such offense, all such rebates or other considerations so received or accepted for a period of six years prior to the commencement of the action may be considered, and the said fine shall be three times the total amount of money or three times the total value of such considerations so received or accepted, as the case may be: Provided, that the foregoing penalties shall not apply to rebates or considerations received prior to the passage and approval of this act.

In addition to the above the commission is empowered to make joint rates.

Orders of the Commission.

Any carrier, any officer, representative, or agent of a carrier, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, or agent of either of them, who knowingly fails or neglects to obey any order made under the provisions of section 15 of this act, shall forfeit to the United States the sum of $5,000 for each offense. Every distinct violation shall be a separate offense, and in case of a continuing violation each day shall be deemed a separate offense.

Provision for Court Review.

The court-review provision of the bill is as follows:

If any carrier fails or neglects to obey any order of the commission, other than for the payment of money, while the same is in effect, any party injured thereby, or the commission in its own name, may apply to the circuit court in the district where such carrier has its principal operating office, or in which the violation or disobedience of such order shall happen, for an enforcement of such order. Such application shall be by petition, which shall state the substance of the order and the respect in which the carrier has failed of obedience, and shall be served upon the carrier in such manner as the court may direct, and the court shall prosecute such inquiries and make such investigations, through such means as it shall deem needful in the ascertainment of the facts at issue or which may arise upon the hearing of such petition. If, upon such hearing as the court may determine to be necessary, it appears that the order was lawfully made and duly served, and that the carrier is in disobedience of the same, the court shall enforce obedience to such order by a writ of injunction, or other proper process, mandatory or otherwise, to restrain such carrier, its officers, agents or representatives, from further disobedience of such order, or to enjoin upon it, or them, obedience to the same; and in the enforcement of such process the court shall have those powers ordinarily exercised by it in compelling obedience to its writs of injunction and mandamus.

From any action upon such petition on appeal shall lie by either party to the supreme court of the United States, and in such court the case shall have priority in hearing and determination over all other causes except criminal causes, but such appeal shall not vacate or suspend the order appealed from.

The so-called Allison provision provides that all cases for the annulling of a rate as made by the commission should be brought in the district where the carrier against whom such order of requirement may have been made has its principal office.

Other provisions of the bill provide that the commission shall be empowered to require annual reports from all common carriers, and providing that such reports shall be of the fullest character; giving the commission at all times access to the books of common carriers, heavy penalties are enjoined for false entries in accounts. A fine of $5,000 or imprisonment for a term of two years, or both, is decreed for any examiner who shall wrongly divulge information acquired through examinations of accounts. Circuit and district courts are to have jurisdiction to issue writs of mandamus compelling common carriers to obey the orders of the commission. Bills of lading are to be issued by any common carrier accepting goods for transportation, making railroad companies liable for loss or damage done in transit over their or any other line. The commission is empowered to employ special agents or examiners with full powers.

This act takes effect and is in force from and after its passage.

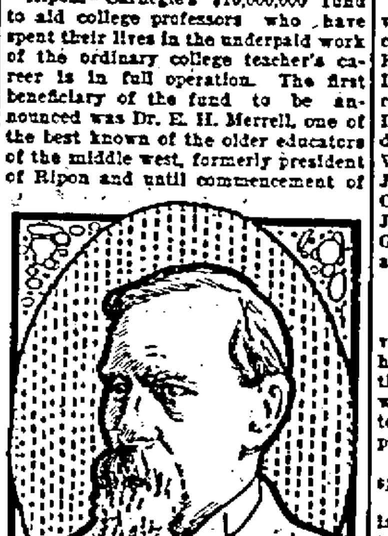
The interstate commerce commission will consist of seven members, who shall draw salaries of $10,000 per annum each.

News of Wisconsin

Interesting Happenings in the Various Cities and Towns of the State.

College Professors Pensioned.

Ripon.—Carnegie's $10,000,000 fund to aid college professors who have spent their lives in the underpaid work of the ordinary college teacher's career is in full operation. The first beneficiary of the fund to be announced was Dr. E. H. Merrell, one of the best known of the older educators of the middle west, formerly president of Ripon and until commencement of



Dr. E. H. Merrell.

this year a member of the faculty. Dr. Merrell is the better known of two of the Ripon faculty thus remembered by the iron master, the other being Prof. C. H. Chandler, professor of mathematics. Both of these educators spent the best years of their life in the faculty of Ripon college.

Deputy Sheriff Victorious.

Racine.—Thomas Burns, deputy sheriff, undertook to arrest Seymour Kimball, of Corliss, on a charge of abusive language. He was set upon by six men, who beat him badly, but he got a club and attacked the men, cutting some of them on the face and head. He landed Kimball, who was brought into court, found guilty and fined.

Tennant Is Elected Treasurer.

Ashland.—Col. E. E. Tennant was unanimously elected treasurer of Ashland county to succeed Charles M. Archibald, who died two weeks ago. Mr. Tennant entered into a contract with the board to turn over the entire salary to the deceased treasurer's wife and to continue her as deputy, placing her in actual charge.

Think Man Was Murdered.

Kenosha.—John Malloy, of Chicago, was picked up unconscious along the tracks of the Chicago & Milwaukee Railway company south of this city. He was taken to the Kenosha hospital and died without regaining consciousness. The police assert that Malloy was murdered. His pockets had been rifled.

La Crosse Normal School.

La Crosse.—The counsel appropriated $15,000 for the purchase of the normal school site selected by the board of regents at a meeting here in April. Under a resolution passed at the last session of the legislature plans for the La Crosse normal will now be prepared and will be submitted to the legislature next January.

Oppose Municipal Ownership.

Sheboygan.—After the appropriation of $775,000 for buying a municipal light and water plant, three expert engineers, chosen as appraisers, have informed the mayor of Port Washington that the city could buy light and water cheaper of a private corporation than it could furnish them itself.

Makes Offer to Railroad Company.

Kenosha.—In order that the Chicago & Milwaukee railway shall not interfere with his plans to build a model factory in Kenosha, Thomas B. Jeffery has offered to pay $50,000 if the company will change its route so that the line will not pass through the Jeffery property.

Beloit College Exercises.

Beloit.—Graduation exercises and the annual dinner of the college closed the fifty-ninth annual commencement of Beloit college. The graduating class numbered 46. The trustees announced a material increase in the force of instructors for next year.

Father-in-Law Is Forgiving.

Janesville.—Touched by the apparent illness of his former son-in-law—Ernest Diebler, who tried to commit suicide after threatening his former wife, D. Williams asked that the case against the young man be dismissed, and he was taken from the courtroom in a hack to his former wife's home.

Burglars Loot Churches.

La Crosse.—Burglars broke into the three largest churches at North La Crosse and completely stripped them of decorations and gold vessels. Two of the churches robbed were Catholic and one Lutheran. Several thousand dollars' worth of plunder was taken and the interior of the buildings torn to pieces by the vandals.

Appleton Wins Golf Contest.

Depere.—In a golf game here between the local club and Appleton the visitors won by one point.

Child Decorated for Bravery.

Appleton.—August Mollen, a Little Chute lad of 14 years, has received a silver medal from the United States government because on July 19, 1905, he, in the presence of several United States officers, saved another boy from drowning in the Fox river near Little Chute.

Self-Defense Plea Allowed.

Chetek.—Alva Any shot and killed Elbert Hewitt. Hewitt came here from Warrens, Wis. The coroner's jury said the shooting was in self-defense.

Letter Carriers' Convention.

Marinette.—The seventh annual convention of the letter carriers of Wisconsin was called to order at Catholic Knights' hall by President William H. Law, of Superior. An address of welcome was given by Mayor Warren J. Davis and the response was by President Law. The officers elected were: William H. Law, Superior, president; J. M. Davis, Appleton, vice president; Charles F. Miller, Kenosha, secretary; John G. Koblitz, La Crosse, treasurer; G. H. McMonagle, Marinette, sergeant-at-arms.

Murderer Is Sentenced.

Appleton.—Wenzel E. Kabat, convicted of murder in the first degree for having shot and killed and then burned the body of Michael McCarthy, a wealthy bachelor farmer, was sentenced to life imprisonment at Waupun.

The first day of each year will be spent in solitary confinement.

The convicted man's mother collapsed upon hearing her son's sentence, but Kabat was not visibly affected.

Preaches Baccalaureate Sermon.

Beloit.—The Rev. Edward D. Eaton, D. D., of St. Johnsbury, Vt., former president of Beloit college, delivered the baccalaureate sermon before the graduating class.

He took for his text the words of Joshua, "Sun, stand thou still." He urged the graduates to bear in mind that this was an epoch making time in their lives, and to appreciate the full value of their time. They had had their training, now the conflict was before them.

Find Human Bones.

Jefferson.—While excavating for a new business block to be erected on Main street workmen uncovered an almost complete human skeleton and city authorities are now trying to find out whether suspicions of an old murder which were started by the find are based on fact. Dr. J. B. Brewer, city health officer, pronounced the bones to be from a human being.

Poison Kills Physician.

Oconto Falls.—Dr. A. O. Arndt, one of the leading physicians in this village, died as a result of accidentally swallowing a dose of carbolic acid. He noticed his mistake immediately and had the presence of mind to call for an antidote, which his wife administered, but his own efforts and those of several physicians failed to save his life.

Crushed to Death Under Cars.

Marinette.—A crowd of fully 2,000 people witnessed an accident in which Carl Mueller, aged 16 years, met his death. Young Mueller was on the front car of an electric train at Lakeside, a resort near this city. He jumped from the front car in an attempt to board the last car of the train and fell under the wheels. He was killed instantly.

Old Resident of Milwaukee Dead.

Milwaukee.—County Surveyor Frederick Kirchman, aged 55 years, died at his home, 432 Fifth avenue, after a long illness. Mr. Kirchman was born in Holstein, Germany, and lived in Milwaukee the last 40 years. For the last ten years he was county surveyor, having been elected five times on the Republican ticket.

Fraternal Officers to Meet.

Milwaukee.—State officers of every fraternal order doing business in Wisconsin probably will meet in Milwaukee on June 27 to confer with the insurance legislative investigating committee on the advisability of making changes in the business management of the organizations which will tend to place them on a sounder footing.

Asks for Final Conference.

Madison.—President C. R. Van Hise, of the state university, has requested a final conference with the legislative university investigating committee before it completes the drafting of its report, and the meeting will be held on July 2.

La Crosse Shoe Dealer Fails.

La Crosse.—Louis Gilbertson, a retail shoe dealer, has failed, with liabilities of $14,000 and assets of $5,000. Gilbertson has conducted a shoe store in La Crosse for 16 years.

Old Indian Chief Dead.

Odanah.—Chief Wenabosho, one of the foremost and oldest of the Lake Superior Indians, died. He was 85 years old and a descendant of Chief Buffalo.

Suicide at County Poor Farm.

La Crosse.—Lorens Pepperl, aged 78 years, committed suicide at the county poorfarm by jumpin gfrom a second story window.

Hold Picnic at Poynette.

Poynette.—The Columbia County Modern Woodmen and Royal Neighbors' association picnic was held here, 3,000 people and five bands being in attendance. Charles Whalen, of Madison, gave the address. Rio gets the picnic next year.

Mondovi Post Office Robbed.

Mondovi.—The post office was robbed and $100 in stamps and $30 in cash taken. No clue can be found to the robbers, who opened a combination safe.

Large Mortgage Registered.

Baraboo.—A mortgage involving the sum of $1,500,000 has been filed in the register of deeds office. The indenture is between the Southern Wisconsin Power company and the American Trust company for erecting a dam at Kilbourn.

Thieves Rob Dentist's Office.

Whitewater.—The dental office of R. H. Dixon was broken into a few days ago and $50 worth of gold work (bridges), taken and about $20 worth of gold.

WOMAN'S MAGAZINE

OF AID TO HOSTESS.

SUGGESTIONS FOR NOVEL AND PLEASING ENTERTAINMENTS.

A Paper Wedding Celebrates Second Anniversary—A Game Involving Knowledge of Characters Used in Music.

A Paper Wedding.

A paper wedding celebrates the second anniversary, and it may be the jolliest kind of an affair with little trouble and small expense. These occasions should be confined to the family and intimate friends and in consequence be very informal, full of good comradeship and sincerity.

Table cloths and napkins come in really artistic patterns and are just the thing to use, also paper flowers to decorate with and for the centerpiece. Years ago when hot houses were an almost unknown quantity except with the very rich, flowers of paper were always used and considered the height of fashion. Doilies of lace paper come in all sizes, also paper holders for bon-bons, salted nuts and ices, so the table may be set without a bit of linen.

Have the snapping-cracker caps to put on before refreshments; by having two of each color partners may be chosen. If the hostess wishes and it is practical, the guests may be asked to come in costumes of paper. The girls can achieve most charming toilets by purchasing for a trifle the last year's patterns from a modiste or a pattern maker. The men will probably have to content themselves with neckties of paper, and a huge boutoniere. Portieres and window draperies made from strips of crepe paper are astonishingly pretty, especially in pink and white. To make the decorations still more "papery" quantities of Japanese lanterns, parasols and fans may be used. For amusement a game could be concocted from the "flags of all nations" which are of paper and come in an envelope for the sum of ten cents. To the person guessing the most award a prize of a box of stationery or any of the numerous articles made from paper.

A Musical Game.

This musical game is most suitable for people who understand how to read music and are conversant with all the musical terms. It will be found of special interest to teachers who wish to entertain their pupils and at the same time instruct them in a way that does not seem like study.

Provide cards and pencils for all and tell the guests to observe the objects in the room, as they have a musical significance. If desired, the company may hunt in pairs, partners being found by the means of a familiar bar or two of music cut in two; when the air is completed the couple set out to discover what the peculiar articles scattered about mean. Here are the objects and a key:

A quire of paper—A choir.

Three dolls dressed alike—Triplets.

A carpenter's brace—Brace.

A watch—Time.

A razor—A sharp.

The chin rest from a violin—A rest.

A card on which is written XL—Forte.

A name written on a piece of paper—A signature.

A pair of apothecory's scale—Scales.

A base taken from a table bell—Bass.

A peck measure containing two beets—Two beats in a measure.

A heavy string—Chord.

A flat iron with a letter B on it—B flat.

A card board letter C hanging from the gas jet—High C.

A bit of tar—Pitch.

A pipe stem—Stem.

A large half-tone engraving—Half tone.

A bank note—Note.

A baby's shoe with an 0 on the sole—Solo.

A love letter which starts out well, but has a blot half way down the page—Accidental.

A necktie—Tie.

A bar of iron—Bar.

A door key—Key.

A pocket rule or a tape measure—Measure.

A 25 cent piece with a piece of black court plaster pasted on it—Dotted quarter.

A real flower and a lock of hair—Natural.

A circular piece of card-board cut into three equal pieces—Thirds.

To the one who correctly guesses the most give a prize of a musical instrument in the shape of a candy box. If something more elaborate is desired a photograph of one of the composers framed or a book of musical history would be acceptable. A short programme would complete this entertainment in a most fitting manner.

MADAME MERRI.

CROCHETED CENTERPIECE.

All Kinds of Crochet Work Are in Vogue and the Design Here Given Unusually Pretty.

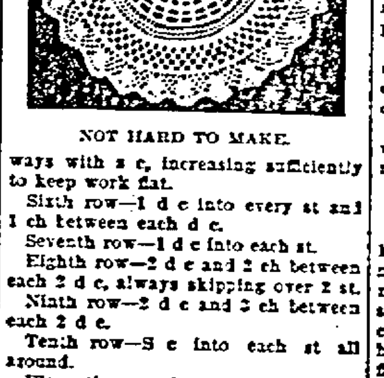
Abbreviations: Chain, ch; single crochet, s c; double crochet, d c; stitches, st.

This may be crocheted with fine or coarse cotton thread, or silkateen, just as one prefers. It can also be made with a plain center of linen, buttonhole stitched all around, and the insertion border and lace crocheted around that. The lace is also a nice pattern to use independently, writes a contributor to Farm and Home.

To make the centerpiece as represented in the illustration begin by making 5 ch st and join. Into the small ring thus made, work as follows:

First row—12 s c.

Second, 3d, 4th and 5th rows—Al-



NOT HARD TO MAKE.

ways with s c, increasing sufficiently to keep work flat.

Sixth row—1 d c into every st and 1 ch between each d c.

Seventh row—1 d c into each st.

Eighth row—2 d c and 2 ch between each 2 d c, always skipping over 2 st.

Ninth row—2 d c and 3 ch between each 2 d c.

Tenth row—S c into each st all around.

Eleventh row—2 d c and 3 ch between each 2 d c, skipping 3 st, so as to keep spokes of wheel even.

Twelfth row—Same as 11th row, only having 4 ch between each 2 d c.

Thirteenth row—D c into each st.

Fourteenth row—2 d c, with 5 ch between each 2 d c.

Fifteenth row—Same as 11th, only having 6 ch between each d c.

Sixteenth row—All s c into each st.

Seventeenth row—1 d c and 2 ch between each d c, always skipping 1 st of preceding row.

Eighteenth row—1 d c into loop of preceding row, 2 ch, and so on.

Nineteenth row—Same as 15th row.

Twentieth row—D c into each st.

Twenty-first row—3 d c and 2 ch, always skipping 2 st of preceding row.

Twenty-second row—3 d c into each loop of preceding row, with 3 ch between each 2 d c.

Twenty third and 24th rows—Same as 22d row.

Twenty-fifth row—S c into each st all around.

Twenty-sixth row (lace)—5 ch and fasten with s c into st of preceding row, and so on.

Twenty-seventh row—5 ch and fasten with s c into loop of preceding row. Make 3 such loops, and into the 4th work 6 d c, and so on.

Twenty-eighth row—Make two 5 ch loops into the groups of 3 loops below, and ch 3, then 8 d c above the 6 d c of preceding row, ch 3 and so on.

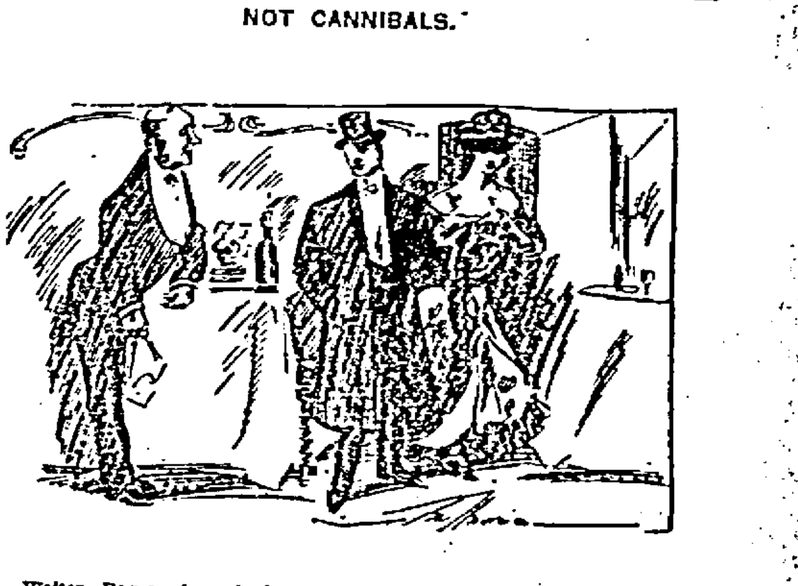
Twenty-ninthrow—Make one 5 ch loop, ch 3, and 1 d c into each d c of preceding row, with 1 ch between each d c.

Thirtieth row—5 ch caught down with a s c into each loop of preceding row.

To Stimulate Circulation.

Wrapping the body in a damp sheet, keeping the room warm enough so as not to chill, and having some one administer a gentle rubbing on the outside of the sheet will stimulate the circulation and give the body a warm, healthy glow, and will be highly beneficial to the nerves. Five minutes is long enough to remain in the damp sheet, and may be followed by a gentle rub-down with the salted cloth.

NOT CANNIBALS.



Waiter—Beg pardon, sir, but you—er—haven't included the waiter!

Biffins—Well, my good man, we haven't eaten any waiter, have we?

Not So Foolish.

"I can't understand why men drink whisky," she said. "Does it quench thirst?"

"Of course not," he replied. "If it did they wouldn't be foolish enough to drink it."—Chicago Daily News.

Neutralized.

He—Gracious! Did you notice the terrible smell that automobile made that went by a little whole ago?

She—No, dear; I was peeling onions for dinner then.—Yonkers Statesman.

Wants International Observatory.

Prof. Edward C. Pickering, director of the Harvard college observatory, has attracted much attention to himself through his project for an international observatory. He proposes to collect a committee of the most eminent astronomers of the world, raise a sum of money, build a gigantic telescope and set all to work on the most suitable spot on earth.

Girl Zionists.

A Zionist society of young girls has been organized in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Unfortunate.

First Merchant—Well, cheer up, old duck! You never know your luck.

Second Ditto—That's a fact, I don't believe I've ever seen mine.

First Merchant — Always out, I s'pose?

Head on a Pivot.

"The trouble is she's too fond of talking behind her back."

"Behind whose back?"

"Her own. She's a regular rubberneck."—Philadelphia Press.

Learning English.

There are thousands of pupils attending free night schools maintained by the authorities in Antwerp for teaching the English language. So much shipping from English-speaking countries uses the great Belgian port that it is becoming almost an English-speaking city.

But It's Full of Hazards.

"After all, life is only a game."

"Yes, but not the game of golf. In life it's easy to get into a hole."—Boston Transcript.

Explanation.

Myer—Your friend Cutter always speaks well of everybody.

Gyer—Mere force of habit.

Myer—How's that?

Gyer—He used to carve epitaphs on tombstones.—Chicago Daily News.

Certainly Took It.

Reid—How did the horse take the hurdle to-day?

Greene—All right. He took it about 20 yards with him.—Yonkers Statesman.

Caution.

"What's the matter with him, anyway?"

"Sh! They're trying to keep it quiet. It's gastritis."

"Why, that isn't contagious. Why should—"

"Sh! They're afraid the gas company may send in a bill against him."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Mountain Climbers.

In Germany there are 54 mountaineering clubs with a total membership of 142,603.

THE NEW NORTH.

PARK & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS

C. M. PARK, EDITOR AND MANAGER

ADVERTISING RATES.

DISPLAY ADVERTISEMENTS—For a contract of three months or less, twenty cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A SIX MONTHS' CONTRACT, fifteen cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A YEARLY CONTRACT, ten cents per column inch for each insertion.

In addition to the above all composition in display ads in excess of three minutes per inch, will be charged for at the rate of thirty cents per hour.

READING NOTICES.

READING NOTICES will be charged at ten cents per line for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

ALL NOTICES will be charged for at regular rates except notices of church services.

Mr. Miner of the Ninth congressional district is entering upon the warmest contest of his life. He has represented that district so long that he really thinks he has a warranty deed of the majority of voters in his district. Perhaps he has. Perhaps his postoffices will carry him through. Hon. Gustav Kuestermann, of Green Bay, one of the best men in Wisconsin, as able as his personal habits are good, will give Mr. Miner a run for his life. And Mr. Kuestermann ought to succeed. He is a splendid man in every way. He believes in the people. In their rights, and not in the rights of the mononolists. Success to him.

A SENSIBLE RESOLUTION.

M. G. Jeffris, the Janesville lawyer has concluded he does not have the time to run for congress so will not be a candidate. Two years since Mr. Jeffris had time to oppose the regular Republican state ticket by making speeches against Governor La Follette in many places throughout the state, but this year, he has no time nor money to invest in a vain attempt to be nominated. Mr. Jeffris well knew after studying the situation, that if Mr. Cooper ought to be beaten for loyally sticking to Republican nominees, he, Max Jeffris, was not the fellow that could do it. And his time immediately became too valuable to make the canvas.

Occasionally Mr. Jeffris is an able man, and this conclusion was reached during one of his occasional intervals.

THE INDEPENDENT VOTER.

The independent voter is rapidly becoming a great factor in political results and one that politicians are looking after.

By the term independent voter we do not mean the man who votes late in the day, voting for the highest price he can receive, but the man who has been a party man and a loyal one too, up to a few years ago, but has concluded that the best men have the best principles and will govern himself accordingly, regardless of party loyalty.

This is a thinking age. A time when every man is a sovereign. Every man feels it his duty to carefully study and investigate, to understand the tariff, to despise the trusts that are robbing the people.

Many voters are nearer social democracy than they ever dreamed they would be. All they lack is the name and that they shrink from.

This condition will show results in the election this fall and greater results in the campaign of 1908. The people will then rise up and say monopolies must cease. Great corporations must be controlled and held in check. Municipal control if not ownership will be endorsed. The Aldrich's, Depews, Platts, Cannons, and the balance of the "forty thieves" will shake at the onslaught of the independent voters. Men like Roosevelt, LaFollette, Folk, Deneen, and, yes, Bryan, (whom every person believes to be honest) will conduct the affairs of the nation, through the independent voters, and an era of good times for the people, will begin. May the day come soon.

"WONDERLAND 1906."

The annual publication of the Passenger Department of the Northern Pacific Railway, tells about Yellowstone National, "Wonderland of the World," the Columbia River Region, the Great Puget Sound Country, and Alaska. Filled with valuable information for those who plan summer journeys. Sent for six cent postage. Address A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railway, St. Paul, Minn. jl-2t.

To St. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, and Return $15.00, Via the Soo Line.

Tickets will be on sale at the above rate July 8, 9 and 10, 1906, and will be good for return passage until August 31st, 1906. Stopovers will be allowed at points in Canada on return trip. Through sleeping and dining car service to Montreal. Ask the agent. jl1-jy5

The Glorious Fourth Along the Soo Line Will be celebrated in the good old way. Everyone is going somewhere at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale July 3rd and 4th, good to return July 5th, 1906. Ask the agent. jl1-2t.

The celebrated Smart Set, Loretta and Colonial ice cream are on sale at Bronson's. tf

Kretlows' PHARMACY

Fancy Stationery
Drugs, Medicines
Perfumes and
Toilet Articles

Also a complete line of everything that is needed in the school room.

F. E. Kretlow, Proprietor

The Right Place

TO BUY CORRECT
AND UP-TO-DATE

CLOTHING

Furnishings
and Shoes

Is at the

CITY CLOTHING STORE,

CHAS. FREDERICKSON, Prop

Singer Sewing Machines, Conover, Kimball, Cable, Haines Bros

And a dozen other good makes of Pianos.

Edison Phonographs and Gold Medal Records.

GEO C. JEWELL

5 King St. Years in Business.

Hammocks, Croquet sets, Base Ball and Sporting Goods.

A Full Line to choose from at

BRONSON'S

W. B. VAUGHN

Mason and
Mason Contractor

Ideal Concrete Blocks,

All Work First-class and Up-to-Date.

231 MESSER ST.

FURNITURE AND
..UNDERTAKING..

State License for Embalming.

Foreign and American Granite and Marble

...MONUMENTS...

Agent for the Celebrated Osterm Mattresses.

F. A. HILDEBRAND

118 Brown St. Phone 65.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

Great Clean-up Sale of all Summer Goods

Must be Made Within the Next 10 Days

The big business we have done the past 14 days has left us with a lot of odds and ends which we want to clean up. We don't want these goods at any cost and if price is any inducement you can buy them for almost nothing.

Read these prices carefully

Everything in Men's Boy's and Children's Wearing Apparel to be Closed Out Regardless of Cost.

PRICES SLASHED IN TWO.

Straw Hats

Children's 25c Straw Hats, closing out sale price — 9c

25c Boys' Straw Hats, closing out sale price — 11c

50c Boys' Straw Hats, closing out sale price — 17c

50c Men's Straw Hats, closing out price — 23c

75c Men's Straw Hats, closing out price — 29c

English Corduroy Pants, never wear out, worth $2.00 to $2.50 going at the pair — 1.48

$3.50 Men's fine silk corduroy pants, warranted not to rip — 1.98

25c Muleskin gloves and mittens, closing price — 13c

Men's canvass gloves and mitts, closing out price — 3c

$1.00 Men's fancy bosom colored shirts, closing out price — 39c

Policemen's extra heavy suspenders, closing out price — 12c

$1.50 Children's good Vici shoes, all sizes at — 98c

Men's Suits

All materials; all reliable, best quality and latest styles, the product of Hart, Schaffner and Marx and other well known manufacturers.

Nobby $10 and $12 late spring style suits, all wool worsteds, fancy cheviotts, stripes and checks, to go at this closing out sale at — $5.95

New Suits, value from $13 to $14, made of the season's new patterns, mixtures and solid colors, to go at this closing out sale at — 7.45

Stunning $15 Suits in this seasons favorite styles, worsteds, fancy cheviotts and nobby tweeds to close out at — 8.85

Swell $25 Suits, top coats, garments your friends will admire and ask who made them instead of where did you buy them, to close out at — 14.65

Most beautiful $18 suits, top coats and cravenettes, made in the height of style from the very best materials, will be closed out at this sale for — 9.85

Stylish fancy vests in values from $2.00 up to $3.00, all must go at this great closing out sale for — 1.15

We have a hundred suits, value up to $20, made in all styles; this is one of our important leaders in this sale to close out — 11.45

Young men's and Boy's two piece Suits at a saving of almost half. High class merchandise from Ederheimer, Stein & Co., Chicago's best clothes makers.

Young men's fine worsted suits, nobby style 3-piece suits, $8.00 regular selling price, closing out sale price — 4.48

$10 and $12 young men's suits, grays, blues and fancy mixtures, up-to-date styles, closing out sale price — 6.45

Young men's stylish spring and summer suits. Medium weight, all sizes $15 regular selling price, closing out sale price — 7.85

Boy's 2-piece suits, all wool, light and dark effects, good sizes, suits for boys from 6 to 25 years of age, regular $3 and $4 values, closing out sale price — 1.48

Boys' $4 and $5 all wool suits, the best values now to be had at a saving of almost half — 2.45

Little boys' vestee suits in fancy worsted cheviots, in plain and neat effects, values up to $5, your choice — 1.98

Boys' knickerbocker suits in latest effect, $5.50, $6 and $7 values, closing out price — 3.79

150 pair of boys' knee pants, regular 75c values, all wool, closing out price — 38c

Come Early and Get the Big Bargains.

Canvas telescopes, all that's left at — 29c

Men's handkerchiefs at — 2c

Children's 25c black cat hose closing out price — 11c

Men's 10c work hose closing out price — 3c

25c Men's good strong suspenders, closing out price — 9c

Men's fast black hose worth 15c closing out price — 5c

Men's 50c summer underwear — 11c

75c overalls go at — 39c

25c ladies' black cat hose go at — 11c

Silk wove suspenders, closing out at — 19c

100 doz. men's hemstitched handkerchiefs — 4c

50c men's fine four-in-hand ties, closing out price — 38c

25c men's fine ties go at — 16c

Boys' good knee pants, not the cheap kind going at pair — 23c

15c arrow collars, all sizes, going at the collar — 9c

Nothing reserved, everything goes. You can't afford to miss this great money saving chance. It's the opportunity of your life. It would be impossible to quote prices on every article, but come and see how cheap everything is. Every sale positively guaranteed and everything just as advertised and a thousand more just as good. Any purchase that is not satisfactory bring the goods back and they will be gladly exchanged to your entire satisfaction.

Brown Street **H. LEWIS** Rhinelander Wisconsin

THE CITY IN BRIEF

Antone Sellel has purchased the Abbott residence on the South side.

A linen-shower was given Monday evening for Miss Laura Perault at her home on the South side.

P. Walsh and family who are residing on Bruner street have rented the McRae residence on Brown street.

There will be a ladies and children's matinee at the Opera House Saturday afternoon. Lady and child 15c for both. Children unaccompanied 10c each.

A bundle shower will be given Friday evening at the home of Mrs Frank Bibby for Miss Gertrude Shelp whose marriage to Abner Corro Jr., will soon take place.

We want your orders for lumber. If prices and prompt delivery are any object to you, do not fail to call on us when in the market.
BROWN BROS. LBR. CO. Phone 78.

Angus Bule of Tomahawk, one of the superintendents for the Bradley Co., was in Rhinelander Thursday. Mr. Bule is an old resident of Northern Wisconsin and considered one of the best woodsman in the business.

Miss Helen Swope has resigned her position with the Mason-Donaldson Lumber Co., and leaves July 1st. for Aberdeen, Wash. Miss Susie Smith of Stevens Point will succeed her in the Mason-Donaldson office.

Don't be fool d and made to believe that rheumatism can be cured with local appliances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the only positive cure for rheumatism. 25 cent. Tea or Tablets. J. J. Reardon.

The county superintendent of schools F. M. Mason has forwarded a list of the new library books needed in the district schools, as prescribed by the state to the publishers. The order included 235 volumes to cost $182.65.

The Florida Hotel has been rented by Bert Prior who will probably rent the property.

WANTED:—A position as manager of a first class hotel. Address,
131 Washington St., Oshkosh, Wis.

The Field day for the boys of St. Augustine's church will be held on the Vicarage lawn, today at 2p. m.

City Attorney H. F. Steele and bride returned from the east Friday and are now located at Mrs. Germonds on Pelham St.

China-Lac demonstrations being given this week in the display window of the Dunn & Wood hardware store are attracting considerable attention.

Chas. Rosenow of Stevens Point, who has been employed in the boat company's office, has resigned and taken a similar position with the Brown Bros' Lumber Co.

The Scandinavian picnic at Lake Julia Sunday, was attended by several people from the city and the day was enjoyed immensely. Dancing and boat rides were the chief sources of amusement.

Geo. Rumery who has charge of Brown Bros.' retail lumber trade is giving it his entire attention and will be pleased to make you figures on any bill whether large or small.
BROWN BROS. LBR. CO. Phone 78.

Firecrackers, large and small, colored Roman candles, colored sky rockets, triangular wheels, colored mines, colored tableaux hot air balloons, grass hoppers, Mt. Vesuvius and Uncle Sam's salutes. A full line to select from at SAWTELLE'S.

FOR SALE—Fine farm of 41 acres 20 acres under cultivation on Woodboro road, one mile from city. Best farm property in county good six room residence large barn for cow, hay barn attached, chicken coop and carriage shed. Good water at a bargain. Inquire of
JOHN SULLIVAN.

FOR SALE:—Bay mare about 1100, excellent formed horse. Enquire of
J. S. MARKHAM & O'BRIEN.

Bert Pride was in the city Saturday visiting friends. Mr. Pride's father, C. B. Pride was the contractor who erected the paper mill.

Anton Olson left Monday morning for Hope, Idaho., where he will in the future reside. He has been a resident of the North side several years.

Bert Marks, who resided in Rhinelander some years ago is the guest of his brother Ray Marks. Bert is now the proprietor of a drug store at Park Falls and is enjoying a good business.

County Treasurer Church of Langlade county was in the city Thursday. Mr. Church in company with Mr. Dreyer is engaged in the monument business at Antigo and also in Janesville.

F. W. Krueger, proprietor of the Thayer street barber shop, was called to his home in Alma Monday, by the death of his mother. Mrs. Krueger has been at her bed side for the last two weeks.

Irwin Leibensten, who graduated last week from the Ferris school at Big Rapids, Mich., returned to the city Saturday. He has taken a position in the office of the Mason-Donaldson Lumber Co.

Mrs. D. R. Thompson who has been at Seattle several weeks will arrive home Friday morning. She will be accompanied by Mrs. C. C. Bronson and three children who will remain in the city a portion of the summer.

The merry-go-round which was owned by H. Lewis and for many years has been stored in his warehouse, was sold this week to Tomahawk parties. It was one of the finest merry-go-rounds manufactured and originally cost over one thousand dollars.

Telephone 321 for Taylor's pure spring water delivered as desired.

Mr. and Mrs. AL Hafner and Mr. and Mrs. Rendell spent Saturday at Tomahawk Lake.

J. L. Jarvis of Colby has taken a position as bookkeeper at the Rhinelander Iron Company's office.

Ed. McIntosh is suffering from an attack of blood poisoning in his right hand. He injured his hand on a hook while fishing.

Wm. Alling, engineer at the stone crusher, left Saturday for his home in Green Bay. He was injured while at work a few weeks ago. He will not return.

Andrew Ward, the engineer who was scalded in the recent explosion at Gagen, is said to be recovering slowly and will live, although he suffers terribly from his injuries.

Ivy M. Rogers, an alumnus of Rhinelander High school, who later taught in our city schools, was elected secretary and treasurer of the Alumni Association of Stevens Point Normal School.

When the baby talks it is time to give Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the greatest baby medicines known to loving mothers. It makes them eat, sleep and grow. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. J. J. Reardon.

Messrs. Wallace Atkins, Harry Krause and George Crusoe returned last week from a two week's outing at Watersmeet. They brought home a number of "speckled beauties" measuring sixteen inches in length.

Ray Wilson of Minneapolis, who graduated from our High school and is now enrolled at the University of Minnesota, spent Sunday with friends here. During vacation Ray represents a well known Minneapolis firm on the road.

Expenses advanced and $18 paid weekly for a man or woman (now employed preferred) to travel. No experience required. No books nor canvassing.
WALTER E. DEWEY,
Rhinelander, P. O., General Delivery.

CRUSOE'S Dept. Store

Shoes for the 4th

This very best and most satisfactory "shoe store" was never better prepared than now to furnish just about everything required in Women's and Children's Footwear.

Queen Quality
THE FAMOUS SHOE FOR WOMEN

Eleven different styles carried in stock, price of any style 3.00

Stanwood Oxford Ties and Sandals for Women, Misses and Children.

Stanwood patent leather lace Oxfords, latest style, Women's and Misses sizes 1.75

Stanwood, Blucher style, fine Vici kid Oxfords 2.50

Stanwood Women's and Misses gun metal Oxfords 2.75

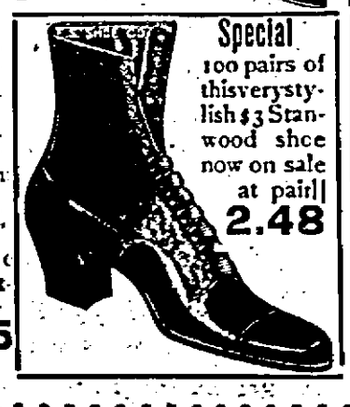
Women's and Misses white canvass Oxfords in four qualities, 2,25, 1.75, 1.50 and 1.00

Women's opera last grey kid Oxfords, high grade, turn sole 2.50

Children's Oxfords and Sandals in vici, patent leather, tan and white, 1.50, 1.25, 1.00 75c and 50c

Stanwood handsome dress shoes, for women, patent colt skin with dull kid top, newest shapes, a high class shoe 4.00

Misses' button shoes made of fine right vici kid, a "swell" new shape fit perfectly, best wearing, sizes 11 to 2 ..... 1.75



Special
100 pairs of this very stylish $3 Stanwood shoe now on sale at pair 2.48

RIBBONS

4th of July Ribbons

Immense assortment. Best Ribbon values ever offered by us.

The Great Ribbon Sale Continues till July 4

Silk Ribbons, All Colors.

3 cents a yard for ribbons 1 and ¼ inches wide.

5 cents a yard for ribbons 2 and 2¼ inches wide.

10 cents a yard for ribbons 2½ and 3 inches wide.

15 cents a yard for ribbons 4½ and 5½ inches wide.

COMBS

Fancy gilt trimmed and ornamented back combs in latest novelties.

25c, 35, 50, 75, 1.00 and 1.25

BELTS

Ladies' Belts. For style, novelty and genuine value our belt assortments are unsurpassed.

Washable white embroidered belts with embroidered edge, each 19c

Plain and stamped leather belts, covered buckles each 50c

HOSIERY

All kinds of stockings at hosiery counter. Black—white — colored. Popular prices.

Special Best wearing women's black gray, tan and white lace hose in fine seamless quality, per pair 25c

Misses and Children's plain white stockings, fine gauge, seamless, per pair 25c

Children's white, blue and red cotton stockings, pair 15c

Boy's double knit black cotton stockings, very elastic and unequalled for wear; fast black, seamless, the stocking that is made where the cotton grows 25c

Parasols and Umbrellas

White parasols, hemstitched, natural handles 1.25

Embroidered white linen parasols, white handles 2.98

Large assortment 26-inch black silk mixed umbrellas for men and women, all newest handles, steel rods, paragon frames, each 1.25

Neckwear SPECIALS

20 dozen fine embroidered turnover collars now on sale at each 8c

18 dozen imported white embroidered turnovers in twelve different designs, each 15c

Peerless Patterns

The great demand for these up-to-date and popular patterns is increasing every month. For sale here, only
10c 15c

See our 4th of July windows and note the goods advertised therein.

Dorothy Dodd

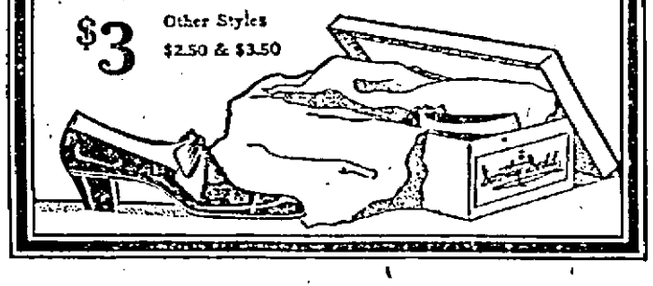
SUMMER TIES

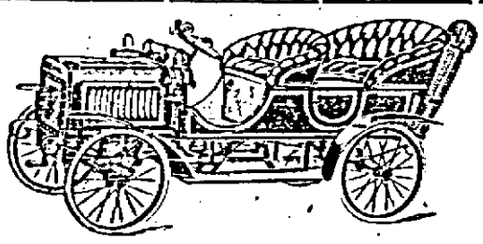
By their feet you may know them! For the French, you know, define a lady as one who is well shod and well gloved. You escape all criticism if your feet be shod with the *"Dorothy Dodd"*—for prettier, more stylish shoes there cannot be.

Our assortment of these Summer Ties awaits your inspection. It includes many new styles in the different leathers that will give you pleasure to see and even greater pleasure to wear.

Peoples Savings Store

$3 Other Styles $2.50 & $3.50





Good things to wear in ready made clothing. A new line of blues and blacks. Men's strictly new style suits just in.

$15.00 to $20 00

They are good values and ready fitters.

Have just received the latest in Stetson Hats direct from manufacturer. And the new Negligee soft bosom and collar mohair Shirts, See the new folding umbrella for traveling convenience at

GARY & DANIELSON

"GOOD THINGS TO WEAR"

The members of the Antigo F. R. A. lodge and their friends will hold their annual picnic at Three Lakes, this county, in August. Probably about five hundred people will attend and will be accompanied by a band and two base ball teams.

Mrs. J. Fitzgerald of Ashland spent Friday in Rhinelander. She was accompanied home by her niece Miss Edna Gleason of this city, and Miss Florence Gleason and brother Bernard of Bruce who had been visiting here since Thursday.

Taylor's celebrated Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, etc., etc., delivered at your home daily except Sunday.

Mrs. W. E. Brown and her sons, Richard and Allan, with the Misses May and Helen Brown left Wednesday morning on a trip to Yellowstone Park. They will be joined at Minneapolis by a party from Lancaster, and at the Park by Ralph Brown of Seattle, Wash.

Everything in wall paper from 10c to $1.00 double roll. Leave order with me for paper hangers.
J. J. REARDON.

The office of the Mason-Donaldon Lumber Company has been enlarged by adding the room recently occupied by the Silverthorne Lumber Company. The partition between the two offices has been taken out. This change now gives the Mason-Donaldson Company one of the best lighted offices in the city.

The Francis Green Company occupying the boards at the Grand Opera House this week is receiving good patronage nightly. The company is a high class one and produces a fine repretoire of attractions. Under the new management of Arthur Langdon the Grand has been subjected to a number of much needed improvements which will no doubt be appreciated by the theatre going public.

DRS. MORSE & RECTOR
„SPECIALISTS„
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
APPLETON, - WIS.
VISITS RHINELANDER REGULARLY, RAPIDS HOUSE

PERSONAL MENTION

—Flint Stone goes to Appleton. Friday.

—A. E. Wessner was in Eagle River Friday.

—Frank Bryant was a visitor in Hackley Friday.

—Mrs. F. Carlson of Tomahawk is visiting in the city.

—Miss Mihawk of Eagle River is a guest at Zems home.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Murphy spent Sunday at Monico.

—Mrs. H. J. Johnson has returned to her home in Hackley.

—Rev. and Mrs. Knudson have returned from Minneapolis.

—Robert Riley left Monday on a business trip to Eau Claire.

—Mrs. Frank Sanborn and children have been visiting in Hurley.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Swedburg visited last week at Prentice.

—Roy and Ida Thurston are visiting relatives in Three Lakes.

—Jerry Bentley left Friday on a cruising trip near Eagle River.

—Mrs. M. H. Thompson has returned to her home in Three Lakes.

—Miss Weckstrom of Duluth is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Moberg.

—Miss Mary O'Connell of Tomahawk is the guest of Miss Nora Larson.

—Mrs. Maurice Straub has returned from New London and Green Bay.

—E. H. Meikeljohn left Tuesday for Seattle, Wash., for a visit with relatives.

—Miss Agnes Gately of Ironwood spent Saturday in the city with with friends.

—Mrs. Dougherty and daughter Doris, of Kaukauna, are visiting Mrs. M. J. Chafee.

—Miss Flora Cronin, who has been teaching near Hefford Junction, has returned to the city.

—Manford Taggart and E. Morrill of Bundy were in the city Sunday to attend the ball game.

—Miss Mary Elliott goes to Stevens Point next week to spend several weeks with relatives.

—Mrs. H. J. Olmstead of Lac du Flambeau is the guest of her daughter Mrs. W. R. Hinners.

—Francis Ulrich and wife of Rhinelander were recently registered at the Pfister Hotel, Milwaukee.

—Mrs. Angus McDonald spent Sunday here and left Monday for Three Lakes to visit her mother.

—Mrs. A. Levitt went to Milwaukee, her former home, Monday night where she will spend a few weeks with her mother who is ill.

—M. J. Buckley of Bundy was an over Sunday visitor in the city.

—Miss Delia White, who attends Lawrence University at Appleton returned home Friday.

—Henry Dennis was down from Mercer Saturday on his way to his home in Manawa for a visit.

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Perrault of Minneapolis were in the city to attend the Dunn-Perrault wedding.

—Dr. Frederic W. Fayer left for Waupaca Tuesday where he reads a paper at the Baptist convention.

—Al. Cook, a well known Wausau man, who has many friends in Rhinelander, spent Sunday in the city.

—A. C. Danielson of the firm of Gary & Danielson made a business trip to Lac du Flambeau Monday.

—Claude Crusoe is visiting friends in Menasha, and will spend a short time in Marinette before returning home.

—Miss McDonald returned Friday to her home in Armstrong Creek after a visit here with the Misses Walsh.

—Misses Helen and Tena McRae have gone to Antigo to spend several weeks with their sister Mrs. Wm. Kelley.

—Mrs. A. O. Dorwin and daughter Angie, and Miss Ethel O'Leary came down from Minocqua Tuesday to visit Mrs. C. M. Park.

—Miss Edith Kelley came home from Portage last Thursday to spend her vacation with her mother, Mrs. S. Kelley.

—Mrs. E. Cronin and daughters Stella and Jennie have gone to Algoma, Ia., to make an extended visit with relatives.

—Miss Grace Wilcox went to Green Bay Tuesday. She will visit friends there and in DePere, the greater part of the summer.

—Miss Florence Davis, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Zinn in this city, leaves Friday for her home in Medina, N. Y.

—Mrs. F. T. Coon returned Sunday from Berlin, Wis., where she was called two weeks ago by the serious illness of her father.

—Brooks Edwards of Tacoma, Wash., a young man who formerly resided here, will arrive the forepart of July to visit friends.

—Miss Addie Gordon of Marinette will arrive this week to visit Miss Margaret Plunkett. Miss Gordon spent a few weeks here last summer.

—Miss Ruth Morrison who is employed in an Oconto printing office is visiting her sister Mrs. Henry Osborne. Miss Morrison was formerly a compositor at the Herald office.

If you don't like your well, or the city water, telephone 321 and have Taylor's celebrated spring water delivered at the house.

How Johnny Saw Them Go

A Story of the Days of 1778

Near the close of what had been a delightful June day, in the memorable year of 1778, two children were seated at an upper window of a two-story frame house on a quiet street in Philadelphia. They were brother and sister, Johnny and Prudence Phillips, children of Capt. Phillips, then with Gen. Washington at Valley Forge, and the topic of their conversation was the all-prevailing one of the war.

"I met the big grenadier again today," suddenly exclaimed the boy. "He was taking a stroll along the river front, and did not have his musket. When he saw me he cried: 'Here we are again, boys!' and then I had a long talk with him about many things."

"Of course he told you when the troops are going away," smiled Prudence. "I have no doubt you asked him."

"Of course I asked him! There is no harm in that, I'm sure. He told me that he did not know anything about the rumored evacuation—that I would have to ask Gen. Howe; and from the way he smiled as he said this, I knew he thought his general would tell the son of Capt. Phillips nothing. But Toby has promised to find out for us, you know; but, really, I can't see how he is to obtain the secret."

"I have not much confidence in Master Walters," said Prudence, soberly. "His father is a Tory, I know, and mends coats for the British officers, but do you think they would impart a secret like theirs to a simple tailor?"

"I half believe Corporal Benson would have told me to-day, if he had known," replied the patriot boy. "I saw them enter, you know, and I am going to see them go, too."

"Heigho! Going, Are You?"

It was just after sundown when Master Walters came to the home of the Phillips children and called Johnny out.

The face of the Tory boy showed he had something important to communicate, but what he said almost took Johnny's breath.

"They are going this very night," said Master Toby, in a whisper.

"What! the British?"

"Gen. Howe and his men."

Johnny agreed to keep the secret Master Walters had imparted, and when night came he met the tailor's son at a certain corner and the two boys went to a quiet street which they had reasons for thinking the British troops would take, for it would lead them to a ferry below the city.

The hours dragged slowly to the boys. The clock in a near-by steeple struck ten, then 11 and finally 12. It was midnight, and the British had not come.

"Are you getting sleepy, Johnny?" asked Toby.

"Sleepy, and watching for the British to get out of old Philadelphia?" replied the patriot boy. "What can you be thinking about, Toby? I'm as bright as a lark and—But what was that?"

"I heard it, too," said Toby, leaning out of the doorway. "Here they come at last! Listen! Don't you hear the measured tread of a great many feet?"

"Aye, that I do."

After awhile Johnny suddenly clapped his hands.

"Here are Col. Monckton and his big fellows," he cried, as a company of tall soldiers loomed up before them. "Now I shall look for Corporal Benson. There he is! There is my friend, the big corporal!" he added, and before Toby could detain him he had cleared the doorway and was bounding toward the marching rank.

"Heigho! Going, are you?" cried Johnny, reaching the side of a very tall soldier who marched on the outside of the rank and next to the pavement.

He took the hand of the grenadier as he spoke, and the next moment the tall red coat recognized him.

"Here we are again!" laughed Corporal Benson, his hand tightening on Johnny's. "You ferreted out the secret, did you? Well, we are going away."

"To come back some time?" queried Johnny, who was walking alongside the soldier, still holding his hand.

"I don't know. I'm afraid some of us will never get back," was the reply, with a sigh at the end of it, as if the speaker felt that a battle was sure to follow the evacuation. "Be a good boy, Master Johnny. You've made me think many a time of my little chaps in England. God bless you, if you are a little rebel!"

"Good-by, Corporal Benson!" cried the patriot boy. "Remember Johnny Phillips to your little ones at home when you get back, for I hope you'll go back safe, if you are one of King George's men."

"I almost wish I hadn't watched them," said Johnny on his way home. "I sent Corporal Benson away with a sad heart; but I hope the bullets will spare him—that I do! I will have something for my diary now—something out of the usual entry. Good-night, Toby. When we are old men, we can tell how we saw the king's men steal out of Philadelphia."

That night Johnny had to describe, for Prudence and her mother, the evacuation of the city, as he and Toby had seen it, and before he retired he wrote, among other things in his diary, the following:

"June 17.—This night ye British went away. Toby and I watched them from a doorstep, and I shook hands with Corporal Benson, and wished him well. To-morrow there will be great rejoicing among our people, and ye city will put on new airs."

The next day Philadelphia awoke to discover that she was no longer a British city by occupation. The king's troops had vanished during the night, and few could tell how or when they went. That very day some of Washington's light troops rode into the city, and soon afterward the battle of Monmouth was fought and the British severely punished.

The year after the war there came to Philadelphia, by mail, a letter addressed to "Master Johnny Phillips," and when the patriot boy opened it, he found several locks of pretty hair, woven in the form of a heart.

The heart was a double-leaf one, and when Johnny opened it he read, in the handwriting of a child:

"From the children of Corporal Benson, of ye Royal grenadiers, to Master Phillips, who reminded their father so often of his little ones at home. Father sends his love."

Johnny often told how he saw the British evacuate Philadelphia, and many years afterward an old man showed with pride to his grandchildren a heart of hair woven upon paper, and on the inside the love of the old grenadier and the little ones.—Minneapolis Journal.

His Nice Quiet Fourth

James Dunston Dasho Spent It in the Woods with his Family

Now, it was the custom in those parts to gather themselves together on the fourth day of the seventh month and to make much noise, and go on a picnic and have a high old time. Accordingly James Dunstan Dasho arose about the first watch of the morning, and went into an inner court of his house, where slept his sons and his daughters and his bird dog. And when he found them slumbering he cried:

"Arise, ye young coyotes! This is the Fourth, and man must needs get up early and chase himself, lest the night come and find him sober and unmutilated."

So they all got busy. And James and his sons straightway yoked up his mules and attached them to the springless wagon. And they all got in and went a long journey into a far country, where there was a lake no larger than a man's hand. And with them also was a small keg which contained neither molasses nor nails.

And lo! about this time the keg began to get busy. And James Dunstan Dasho began to dance before the people, and he spake many strange words, the like of which had never been heard before. And lo! a red-faced man with a wart on his nose awoke and remarked that James was not pleasing unto him. And James and he straightway rushed together with much enthusiasm. And it came to pass that James presently looked like a bale of loose hay, and he said he had enough. And every one believed him. Then he slept. And when he awoke he found that his mules had wandered off about three days' journey. Then he gathered his family together, and they hot-footed it to town. And the following day his neighbor questioned him how he had spent the Fourth. And he answered:

"Oh, we had a nice, quiet day in the woods. You ought to have went."—Judge.

While the Fourth of July is looked forward to with positive terror by the mothers of small boys and venturesome girls, not one woman out of a hundred has the heart to forbid the observance of the day by the popularly approved method of noise and the necessary combination of gunpowder and fire. Truly no Spartan mother was more heroic in sending her sons to the training school and battle than the plucky little American mother of a pack of patriotic young people. It is to be feared that the fundamental spirit of independence which made the day worthy of remembrance is very often forgotten, or at least lost sight of, in the awful delight surrounding a pack of firecrackers.

But how is it that on this day of days mother ignores or keeps silent about her headache; paterfamilias rises with the lark, ostensibly to prevent his offspring from setting fire to the premises if not to themselves, and grandfather contributes to the joyousness of the occasion by generous donations of cash, and even the grown-up sons and daughters of the household are willing to set off some of the larger pieces in the pyrotechnic layout? Is all this unselfish behavior entirely for the sake of amusing the children; of letting them have one day of absolute freedom; of assisting them in firing off the said dangerous toys in order to prevent the little people from getting hurt?

Some people have a sneaking notion that the proper observance of the day is not entirely for the pleasure of the young people, and that paterfamilias secretly enjoys rousing the neighborhood with a blast of patriotism, and that grandpa has been hoarding up his spare pennies for weeks past and would have been much chagrined if his young grandson had not generously invited him to "set off" a few of the crackers himself!

As for the mother of the family, would she upon any other occasion put up with the din and the dirt and the burns and ruined clothes if she had not some sympathy for the offenders hidden away in her inner heart?

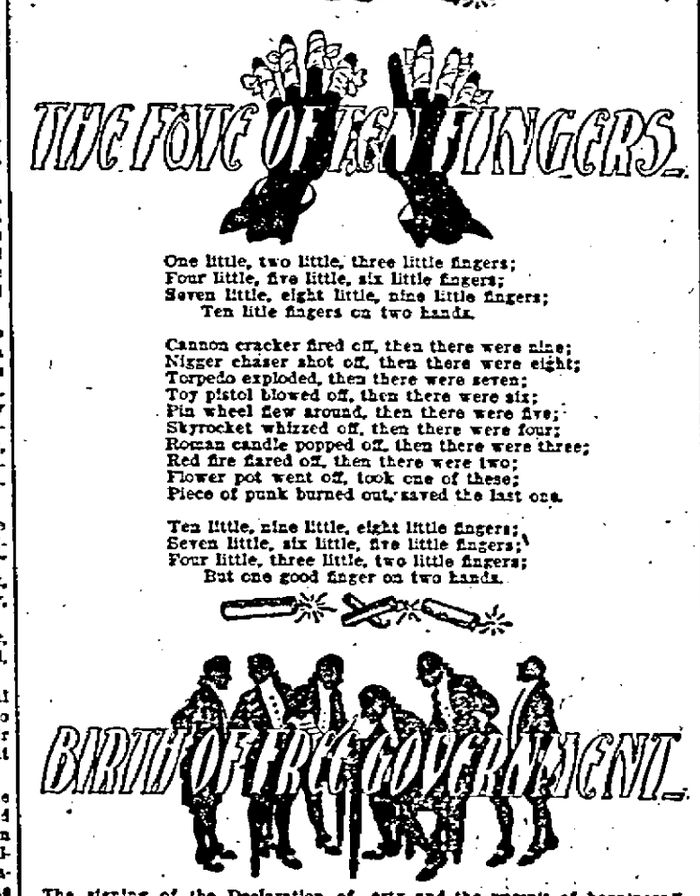
She may laugh at her husband's efforts to become a boy again, but she is as delighted as the children themselves when said husband persuades her to try firing off the pistol, and she recalls to mind that it was not so very long ago when she was able to hit the bull's-eye at quite a long range. "I was just your age then, daughter," and she smiles quietly to herself at some half-forgotten episode.

Flanagan's oration was the chief feature of the Fourth of July programme of section 10 of the Mississippi & Western railroad, then building through one of the western states, starting at nowhere, and so far ending at nowhere.

This honor has been accorded Flanagan, as it was to his efforts the camp were indebted for the privilege of celebrating. Flanagan had been in the country but four months, but that was long enough to imbibe the American spirit, together with a generous amount of red liquids, and when the foreman of gang two intimated that July 4 would not be a holiday Flanagan organized an opposition, and was appointed a committee of one to wait on the boss.

"Gintlemin and fellow pathriots," began Flanagan as he faced his audience of railroad laborers gathered from the four corners of the world. "'Tis not much of a spaker is Flanagan. Yez sint me to see th' boss, an' sez I to th' boss, sez I: 'It's a fine pathriot yez are to keep th' min a-workin' when it's attendin' th' country's wake they'd be after doin'. Sure,' says I, 'if 'tis sich as ye they be makin' bosses of 'tis a poor place to be a-comin' to. Sure now,' sez I, 'there's Branagan as is a-helpin' make th' laws, an' Branagan sez to me when I come over: "Sure, Flanagan, an' it's no work you'll be doin' on Fourth o' July. 'Tis a day ye'll have off fer takin' a bit of a dhrop with th' bys." An' sure,' sez I to th' boss, 'it's nary a pick will Flanagan lift on that day.' An', gintlemin an' fellow pathriots, th' wake will be hild in th' cook tint."

The celebration of section 10 lasted for three days, and was followed by seven funerals on the following Sunday. It is still referred to as a memorable day in the history of the Mississippi & Western railroad.



One little, two little, three little fingers;
Four little, five little, six little fingers;
Seven little, eight little, nine little fingers;
Ten little fingers on two hands.

Cannon cracker fired off, then there were nine;
Nigger chaser shot off, then there were eight;
Torpedo exploded, then there were seven;
Toy pistol blowed off, then there were six;
Pin wheel flew around, then there were five;
Skyrocket whizzed off, then there were four;
Roman candle popped off, then there were three;
Red fire flared off, then there were two;
Flower pot went off, took one of these;
Piece of punk burned out, saved the last one.

Ten little, nine little, eight little fingers;
Seven little, six little, five little fingers;
Four little, three little, two little fingers;
But one good finger on two hands.

The signing of the Declaration of Independence at Philadelphia on July 4, 1776, meant more to the world than the breaking of the bonds between Great Britain and a rebellious colony across the seas. The establishment of a government by the people and for the people meant an object lesson for the nations of the old world which has had its effect on every day of history since that important event.

It marked the downfall of absolutism, of tyranny, of the "divine right of kings," of the governing of men. It defined the inalienable rights of man in the immortal phrase—"life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Those words have been the battle cry of many peoples. They have encouraged the races of Europe and the east in the battles against oppression, and tyrannical governments, one after another have gone down before them. They are to-day the rallying cry of the oppressed of Russia—"life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

These words are the rock on which the Declaration of Independence was founded. They are the rock on which our government is founded. So long as we keep them as the rallying cry of the nation government by the people for the people will live.

LESSON FOR THE YOUNG.

Nation's Birthday an Appropriate Time to Inculcate Spirit of Loyalty.

These are stirring times in the world's history. Bring the facts down to the comprehension of the boys and girls, and on the nation's birthday let its celebration deepen in them a spirit of loyalty and the purpose to do their part in holding up the standards set by the brave men and women who founded this great nation.

It is a fitting time to visit the places where the struggles for independence was made, and to take the children, if possible, to visit them. History becomes a living interest to children when it is recounted on the very spot the famous deeds were enacted.

Lexington, Concord, Bunker Hill, Valley Forge, the Brandywine, Germantown, Independence hall, the Betsy Ross house, the Old South church and many other spots have a story full of inspiration to the boys and girls of every generation, for there were enacted the deeds which were the making of a nation.

TERRIBLE ITCHING SCALP.

Eczema Broke Out Also on Hands and Limbs—An Old Soldier Declares: "Cuticura Is a Blessing."

"At all times and to all people I am willing to testify to the merits of Cuticura. It saved me from worse than the torture of hades, about the year 1900, with itching on my scalp and temples, and afterwards it commenced to break out on my hands. Then it broke out on my limbs. I then went to a Surgeon, whose treatment did me no good, but rather aggravated the disease. I then told him I would go and see a physician in Erie. The reply was that I could go anywhere, but a case of eczema like mine could not be cured; that I was too old (80). I went to an eminent doctor in the city of Erie and treated with him for six months, with like results. I had read of the Cuticura Remedies, and so I sent for the Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent, and continued taking the Resolvent until I had taken six bottles, stopping it to take the Pills. I was now getting better. I took two baths a day, and at night I let the lather of the Soap dry on. I used the Ointment with great effect after washing in warm water, to stop the itching at once. I am now cured. The Cuticura treatment is a blessing, and should be used by every one who has itching of the skin. I can't say any more, and think God that He has given the world such a curative. Wm. H. Gray, 3343 Mt. Vernon St., Philadelphia, Pa., August 2, 1905."

GRIST OF GRINS.

Eddie—"Say, uncle, what's radium?" Uncle—"Aw, that's the stuff they make radiators of."

"Father, what's the difference between a lunch and a luncheon?" "About a dollar and a quarter, my boy."

"How did you get that black eye, Willie?" "I got dat," replied Willie, disgustedly, "by waitin' to count ten when I was angry, like you told me to."

Nervous Old Lady (on seventh floor of hotel)—"Do you know what precautions the proprietor of the hotel has taken against fire?" Porter—"Yes, mum; he has the place inshoored for twice wot it's worth."

"Well, Mr. Lambkin, how do you like being married?" "Not in the least. I am no longer allowed to smoke, to drink or to go out alone." "Then you must be sorry you married." "I am not allowed to be sorry, either."

Mrs. Nibs—"Why were you so absurd as to tell Bibbs at the dinner table that you can tell an old turkey from a young one by the teeth?" Nibbs—"So I can." Mrs. Nibbs—"Nonsense. Turkeys have no teeth."—Nibbs—"Well, I have."

Pitied Pitcoe.

A man who had started with a friend on a week's automobile tour stayed away two weeks. When finally they got back to town, he went home, and his wife received him coldly. What he dreaded was a scolding and an upbraiding. "I am so glad to be back with you here, dear," he said; "but I pity Pitcoe. Poor old Pitcoe!" "What is the matter with Pitcoe?" said the lady, sharply. "Ah, poor fellow," said her husband, "at this moment his wife is giving him the very deuce!" And that wily speech got him off.

Flattery and the Sex.

He—It was decided some time ago that the mails could carry soft soap.

She—Umph! I didn't know the capacity of males for soft soap had ever been questioned.—Baltimore American.

Prosperity seems to be some men's earthly punishment.

TEETH THAT WERE USELESS

Puzzle to the Man Who Had Suddenly Sustained the Loss of Them.

Harry Leon Wilson, author of "The Spenders," was domiciled for a summer in Connecticut with a colony of artists and writers, all of whom had to go into the city every day, relates the Saturday Evening Post.

Wilson was doing nothing but loafing. He loafed artistically, and from time to time met and had fun with some of the natives of the place. One day he found two men in the road who seemed congenial, and he struck up an acquaintance with them. He proposed a drive and they got a surrey and two horses.

"Can you drive?" asked Wilson.

"Sure," one of his sudden friends replied, "I am a fine driver."

They got aboard and started down the road. Before they had gone half a mile the team was frightened by a passing automobile and ran away. The driver valiantly steered the horses into a telegraph pole and Wilson and his two friends were thrown helter-skelter into the road.

Wilson slowly gathered himself together. One of his friends was sitting in the ditch rubbing his bruises and the other stood in the middle of the road gazing in tearful misery at two front teeth which he held in the palm of his hand.

"Pretty lucky escape, wasn't it?" asked Wilson, for want of something better to say.

"Yes," replied the man with the teeth, weeping afresh, "but please, oh, please, tell me, what shall I do with these?"

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY.

A "Plain an' Pinted" Duty That Was Not to Be Misunderstood.

Deacon Smith and Deacon Jones were pillars of an Alabama colored country church. One day while storing hay in their employer's barn, Deacon Jones came upon a hen's nest, in which reposed a dozen large, white eggs, relates the American Spectator.

"Now, what us gwine do bout dis hyah?" he demanded.

"Er, reckon we mout take 'em up ter de big house?" Deacon Smith suggested, without enthusiasm.

"Now, how we know dat hen b'long ter Mars Will?" Bro. Jones objected. "No, sah! Can't take no chance on gibbin' Mars Will some yuther man's aiggs!"

"Mout leave dem hyah, den," was the rueful reply.

"Now, lookyere, Bro' Smif, Ah's 'sprised at yo! 'Don' de church teach us ter be kind ter all critters? And don' yo' think dat 'cludes hens? Ef we wuster leave dem aiggs hyah, dat po' lil' hen wouf think day warn't 'preciated, an' feel bad bout hit. No, sah! Outh plain an' pinted duty am ter take dem aigs out yonder in dat pine thicket whar nobody won't see de smoke, an' roast 'em."

"There is one advantage in this business," mused the expert gardener, as he stood in his orchard. "It is grafting all the time, but you can always get the public to swallow it."—Baltimore American.

Talent often regards with envy the well-filled stomach of mediocrity.

ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA.

A Cure of STOMACH CATARRH.

Miss Mary O'Brien, 206 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefited by your discovery, I say, *All hail to Peruna."*

Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes:

"I waited before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago.

"There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I am cured, for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite and am getting fat.

"So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good.

"I thank you for your kindness.

"Peruna will be our house medicine hereafter."

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrh.

A Great Tonic.

Mr. Austin M. Small, Astoria, Ore., writes: "During the hot weather of the past summer I lost my appetite. I tried Peruna, and found it pleasant to take, a splendid appetizer and a great tonic."

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

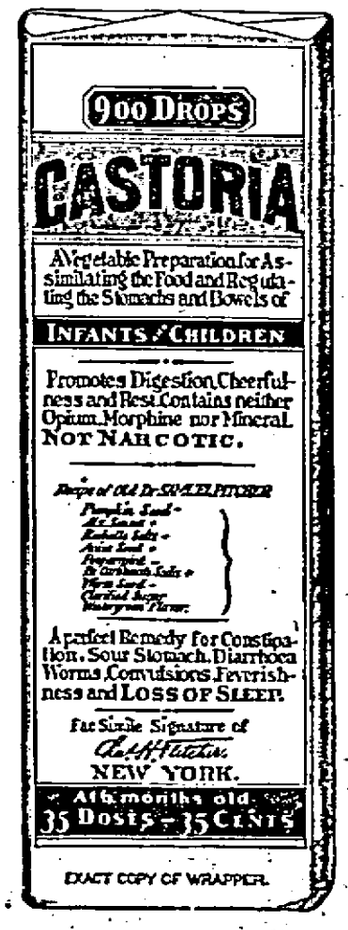
PATENTS Send for "Inventor's Primer" and "Points on Patents." Established 1864. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 9th 16th St., Washington, D. C. Branches at Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit. **PENSIONS**

60 Bus. Winter Wheat Per Acre That's the yield of Salzer's Red Cross Hybrid Winter Wheat. Send 2c in stamps for free sample of same, as also catalogue of Winter Wheats, Rye, Barley, Clovers, Timothy, Grasses, Bulbs, Trees, etc. for fall planting. SALZER SEED CO., Box S. E. La Crosse, Wis.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. J. E. Waggoner, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I can most heartily recommend your Castoria to the public as a remedy for children's complaints. I have tried it and found it of great value."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. R. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

Dr. F. H. Kyle, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "It affords me pleasure to add my name to the long list of those who have used and now endorse your Castoria. The fact of the ingredients being known through the printing of the formula on the wrapper is one good and sufficient reason for the recommendation of any physician. I know of its good qualities and recommend it cheerfully."

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

PECK'S BAD BOY WITH THE CIRCUS

By HON. GEORGE W. PECK

Author of "Peck's Bad Boy Abroad," Etc.

(Copyright by J. R. Bowles.)

Pa and the Bad Boy Visit a Buffalo Ranch—Pa Pays for the Privilege of Killing a Buffalo, But Doesn't Accomplish His Purpose — He Hires a Herd for the Show Next Year.

This is the last week pa and I will be in the far west looking for freaks for the wild west department of our show for next year. Next week, if pa lives, we shall be back under the tent, to see the show close up the season, and shake hands all around with our old friends, the freaks, the performers, the managers and all of 'em.

It will be a glad day for us, for we have had an awful time out west. If pa would only take advice, and travel like a plain, ordinary citizen, who is willing to learn things, it would be different, but he wants to show people that he knows it all, and he wants to pose as the one to give information, and so when he is taught anything new it jars him. Any man with horse sense would know that it takes years to learn how to rope steers, and keep from being tipped off the horse, and run over by a procession of cows, but because pa had lassoed hitching posts in his youth, with a clothes line, with a slip noose in it, he fposed among cowboys as being an expert roper, and where did he land? In the cactus.

He was just meat for the natives to have fun with, and he has sure been hashed up on this trip. But the worst of all was this trip to the buffalo ranch, to secure buffaloes for the show, and if I was in pa's place I would go into retirement, and never look a man in the face. Pa's idea was that these buffaloes on the ranch were just as wild as they used to be when they run at large on the plains. When we got to the ranch at evening, pa put in the whole time until it was time to go to bed telling the ranchman and his hired man what great things he had done killing wild animals, and what dangerous places he had been in, and what bold things he had done.

Pa Was Alive to His Danger.

He said, while the object of his visit to the ranch was to buy a herd of buffaloes for the show, the thing he wanted to do, above all, was to kill a buffalo bull in single-handed combat, and have the head and horns to ornament his den, and the hide for a lap robe, but the ranchmen would be welcome to the meat. He asked the man who owned the ranch if he might have the privilege, by paying for it, of killing a buffalo.

The ranchman said he would arrange it all right in the morning, and pa and I went to bed. After pa got to snoring, and killing buffaloes in his sleep, I could hear the ranchman and his helpers planning pa's humiliation, and when I tried to tell pa in the morning that the crowd were stringing him he got mad at me and asked me to mind my own business, and that is something I never could do to save my life.

Well, about daylight we were all out on the veranda, and they gave pa instructions about what he was to do. The ranchman said it was against the state laws to kill buffalo, except in self-defense, so pa would have to get in a blind, like the German emperor, and have the game driven to him. They gave pa two big revolvers, loaded with blank cartridges, I know, because I heard them whisper about it the night before, and they gave him a peck measure of salt and told him to sneak up to a little shed out in a field and conceal himself until the game came along, and then open fire, and when his buffalo fell, mortally wounded, to go out and skin it.

Pa asked what the salt was for, and they told him it was to salt the hide. Say, I knew that the place they sent pa to wait for buffalo was where they salted the animals once a week, and started to tell pa, but the rancher called me off and told me I could go with the men and help drive the game to destruction.

We waited until the ranchman had gone out with pa and got him nicely concealed, the way they conceal Emperor William when he slaughters stags, and pa looked as brave as any emperor as he got his two big revolvers ready for an emergency. The ranchman told pa that he had twelve shots in the revolvers, and he better begin firing when the big bull came over the ridge, on the trail, at the head of the herd, and as the animal advanced, as he no doubt would, to keep firing until the whole 12 shots were fired, and then if the animal was not killed, to use his own judgment as to what to do, whether to run for the house, or lay down and pretend to be dead.

Pa said he expected to kill the animal before three shots had been fired, but if the worst came he could run some, but the ranchman said if he should run that the whole herd would be apt to stampede on him and run him down, and he thought pa better lay down and let them go by.

Gee, but I pitied pa when we got out on the prairie and found the herd. They were as tame as Jersey cows, and the old bull, the fiercest of the lot, with a head as big as a barrel, came up to the ranchman and wanted to be scratched, like a big dog, and the calves and cows came up and licked our hands. It was hard work to drive them towards pa's blind, 'cause they wanted to be petted, but the ranchman said as soon as we could get the bull up to the top of the ridge, so the old man would open fire on him, they would hurry right along to pa's blind, 'cause they always came to be salted at the signal of a revolver shot.

So we pushed them along up towards the ridge, out of sight of pa, by punching them, and slapping them on the hams, and finally the head of the old bull appeared above the ridge on the regular cattle trail, and not more than ten rods from where pa was concealed. Then we heard a shot and we knew pa was alive to his danger.

"There she blows," said the ranchman, and then there was another shot, and by that time the whole herd of about 20 was on the ridge, and the shots came thick, and the herd started on a trot for the shed where pa was, to get their salt. When we had counted 12 shots and knew pa's guns were empty we showed up on the ridge, and watched pa.

He started to run, with the peck measure of salt, but fell down and spilled the salt on the grass, and before he could get up the bull was so near that he dassent run, so he laid down and played dead, and the buffaloes surrounded him and licked up the salt, and paid no more attention to him than they would to a log until they had licked up all the salt. Then the bull began to lick pa's hands and face, and pa yelled for help, but we got behind the ridge and went around towards the ranch, the ranchman telling us that the animals were perfectly harmless and that as soon as they had licked pa's face a little they would go off to a water hole to drink, and then go out and graze.

We left pa yelling for help, and I guess he was praying some, 'cause once he got on his knees, but a couple of pet buffalo calves, that one of the rancher's boys drives to a cart, went up to pa and began to lick his bald head, and chew his hair.

Well, we got around to the ranch house, where we could see the herd, and see pa trying to push the calves away from being so familiar, and then the herd all left pa and went back over the ridge, and pa was alone with his empty revolvers and the peck measure. Pa seemed to be stunned at first, and then we all started out to rescue him, and he saw us coming, and he came to meet us.

Pa was a sight. His hair was all mussed up, and his face was red and sore from contact with the rough buffaloes' tongues, and the salt on their tongues made it smart, and his coat sleeves and trousers legs had been chewed off by the buffaloes, and he looked as though he had been through a corn shredder, and yet he was still brave and noble, and as we got near to him he said:

"Got any trailing dogs?"

The Buffaloes Licked Pa's Bald Head—Pa Began to Pray.

"What you want trailing dogs for?" asked the ranchman, "What you want is a bath. Have any luck this morning buffaloing?"

"Well I guess yes," said pa, as he dropped the peck measure, and got out a revolver and asked for more cartridges. "I put 12 bullets into that bull's carcass when he was charging on me, and how he carried them away is more than I know. Get me some dogs and a Winchester rifle and I will follow him till he drops in his tracks. That bull is my meat, you hear me?" and pa bent over and looked at his chewed clothes.

"You don't mean to tell me the bull charged on you and didn't kill you?" said the ranchman, winking at the hired man. "How did you keep from being gored?"

"Well, it takes a pretty smart animal to get the best of me," said pa, looking wise. "You see, when the bull came over the hill I gave him a couple of shots, one in the eye and another in the chest, but he came on, with his other eye flashing fire, and the hair on his head and on his hump sticking up like a porcupine, and the whole herd followed, bellowing and fairly shaking the earth, but I kept my nerve. I shot the bull full of lead, and he tottered along towards me, bound to have revenge, but just as he was going to gore me with his wicked horns I caught hold of the long hair on his head and yelled 'Get out of here, condemn you,' and I looked him in the one eye, like this," and pa certainly did look fierce, "and he threw up his head, with me hanging to his hair, and when I came down I kicked him in the ribs and he gave a grunt and a mournful bellow, as though he was all in, and was afraid of me, and went off over the hill, followed by the herd, scared to death at a man that was not afraid to stand his ground against the fiercest animal that ever trod the ground. Now, come on and help me find the carcass." Pa looked as though he meant it.

"Well, you are a wonder," said the ranchman, looking at pa in admiration. "I have seen men before that could lie some, but you have got Ananias beaten a block. Now we will go to the house and settle this thing, and I will send my trusty henchmen out hereabouts after your bull."

Then we went to the house and got dinner, and the men drove up the buffalo into the barnyard and fed them hay, and we went out and played with the buffaloes, and pa found his bull hadn't a scratch on him, and that he would lean up against pa and rub against him just like he was a fence-post.

The ranchman told pa they had been stringing him, and that the animals were so tame you could feed them out of your hand, and that he had been shooting blank cartridges, and the only thing he regretted was that pa would lie so before strangers. Then pa bought the herd for the show, and next year pa will show audiences how he can tame the wildest of the animal kingdom, so they will eat out of his hand.

THE STEREOTYPED SMILE.

Man Wearing a Castiron Smirk a Conspicuous Feature of Philadelphia Suburb.

Many daily travelers on a morning and evening train to and from one of Philadelphia's suburbs have noticed for a number of years a man, now past middle age, who wears a perpetual smirk. This man no doubt thinks he is smiling and looking pleasant, but the smile is so purely mechanical—a mere contraction of the muscles, eked out with an oleaginous leer—that the fixed, set smile is wholly unpleasant and repellent. He is known as the man with the stereotyped grin, says the Philadelphia Ledger.

It so happens that the man with the castiron smirk has written several essays on the duty of being cheerful and of irradiating pleasantness in daily life. He is a sociologist and reformer, and has in mind several beneficient schemes for the right ordering of the universe; but his wife cannot live with him; his brothers have quarreled with him and his sister and his daughter-in-law do not speak to him.

He started in life with a good idea—"drill your thoughts, shut out the gloomy and call in the bright"—but he failed to put it into practice, because his smile and his pleasantness are merely on the surface, while his heart action is defective.

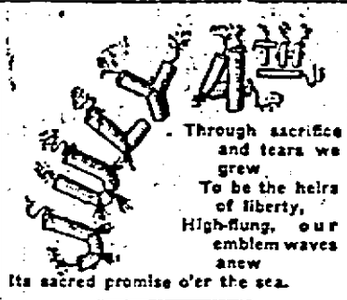
Almost everyone must have noticed among his acquaintances a certain number who, in their casual greetings on the street, use the mechanical smile. The muscles of the lower face are contracted with evident effort. The sudden relaxation of the muscles discloses a blank face, which, by reason of the quick transition, leaves a most unwholesome, forbidding impression just the opposite of the intention of the superficially polite contortionist. A sensitive man with genuine feeling would much rather be sworn at than greeted with that kind of a smile.

He Surprised Eliza.

A story is going the rounds of the territory press of a farmer, living a few miles from Henryetta, who wore his old suit until everybody was tired of it, and his estimable wife was almost ashamed of him. But one day, when selling produce in town, he determined to buy a new suit, and a happy thought struck him. He would surprise Eliza. So he bundled a new suit into the wagon, hurried toward home, and at the bridge, two miles from town, he stood up in the wagon and "peeled" and threw the despised old suit into the creek. Then he reached for his new clothes. They were gone—had jolted out of the wagon! The night was cold, and his teeth chattered as he scurried for home. He surprised Eliza even more than he anticipated.—Kansas City Journal.

Long Distance Lecture.

A pretentious person recently said to Colonel Green, of Woodbury, N. J.: "How would a lecture by me on Mount Vesuvius suit the inhabitants of your town?" "Very well, sir; very well, indeed," answered the colonel. "A lecture by you on Mount Vesuvius would suit them a great deal better than a lecture by you in this town." The lecture never came off.—Tatler.



Through sacrifice and tears we grew
To be the heirs of liberty,
High-flung, our emblem waves anew
Its sacred promise o'er the sea.

Saved the "Declaration" From British

Comparatively few of the present generation know how near to being lost was once the most precious of our national documents, the Declaration of Independence. It was during the war of 1812. The Declaration of Independence hung, for many years, in a frame in the state department in the room then occupied by Stephen Pleasonton, who moved to Washington in 1800 with the government. Mr. Monroe, when he was elected president, created a new office, which was conferred upon Mr. Pleasonton, that of chief of the lighthouse establishment, to which was added the auditing of the ministerial and consular accounts.

Mr. Beaseley, commissary of prisoners of war in London, forwarded to the state department some London newspapers stating that the English fleets and transports were receiving troops at Bordeaux, France, with the intention of operating against Washington and Baltimore.

Upon receipt of this information, which was a few days before the enemy entered Washington, Mr. Monroe, then secretary of state, James Madison being president, mounted his horse, rode to Benedict, a small village on the Patuxent, where the British forces were being landed, and climbed an eminence within a quarter of a mile of the village, in order to ascertain the strength of the enemy. Being convinced after his inspection that we had no force available that could successfully resist them, he sent a note to Mr. Pleasonton by a vidette, advising him to see that the best care was taken of the books and papers of the state department.

Acting at once upon this authority Mr. Pleasonton purchased some coarse linen and had it made into bags of suitable size, in which he, assisted by the others of the office, placed the books and other papers.

While engaged in this work Gen. Armstrong, then secretary of war, passing the state department on his way to his own office, remarked that he thought they were unnecessarily alarming themselves, as he did not think the British were serious in their intentions of coming to Washington. Fortunately Mr. Pleasonton was of a different opinion, and observed that it was the part of prudence to take measures to preserve these valuable papers of the revolutionary government. Had Mr. Pleasonton delayed but a few days, had he followed the advice of the secretary of war, an irreparable loss would have been sustained. For the papers which Mr. Pleasonton had placed in the coarse linen bags comprised the secret journals of congress, then not published; the correspondence of Gen. Washington, his commisison, resigned at the close of the war; the correspondence of Gen. Greene and other officers of the revolution, as well as laws, treaties, and correspondence of the department of state, from the adoption of the constitution down to that time.

Mr. Pleasonton had the bags carted to a grist mill which he selected as a suitable depository. The mill, which was unoccupied, belonged to Edgar Paterson, and was situated on the Virginia side of the Potomac, beyond the Chain bridge, two miles above Georgetown.

The last load had left and Mr. Pleasonton was just quitting the vacant rooms, when, turning back suddenly to see whether anything had been left behind, to his consternation he saw the Declaration of Independence, which had been overlooked, still hanging upon the wall. He hastily cut it out of the frame and carried it away with the other papers.

He then began to be uneasy about the place he had chosen, for if the British took Washington, which he firmly believed they would do, and very soon at that, they would in all probability detach a force for the purpose of destroying a foundry for the making of cannon and shot in the neighborhood, and of course would consider a grist mill too valuable a thing to be left standing in a country they meant to subdue. Mr. Pleasonton therefore visited some of the Virginia farm houses, whose owners were only too willing to loan him wagons in which to convey the documents to Leesburg, a distance of 25 miles. There they were deposited in an empty house, the keys of which were given to Rev. Mr. Littlejohn, who was one of the collectors of internal revenue.

Worn out with his labors, Mr. Pleasonton states in a letter, he retired early to bed that night and slept soundly. Next morning he was informed by the people of the little tavern where he had stayed that evening that they had seen during the night, the same being the 24th of August, a large fire in the direction of Washington, which proved to be the light from the public buildings, which the enemy had set on fire and burned to the ground.

When he returned to Washington on the 26th he found the public buildings still burning, and learned that the British army had evacuated the city the preceding evening, in the belief that the Americans were again assembling in the rear for the purpose of cutting off their retreat.

But as the British fleet still hovered in the neighborhood and threatened Washington with a second invasion, it was not considered safe to bring the papers of the state department back for some weeks. In the meantime Mr. Pleasonton made occasional trips to Leesburg for particular papers to which the secretary of state had occasion to refer in the transaction of business.

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

NOTES ON COTTON GROWING.

About 70,000 bales of cotton is this year's crop of the Laguna section of Mexico. The Mexican mills will also require an additional 80,000 bales from the United States during 1906.

The British charge in Guatemala has forwarded to London a sample of weevil-resisting cotton grown in the Retalhuleu district of western Guatemala. It is called "Pachon," is a short-season cotton, productive and with a fiber of good length and texture.

The Turkish minister of agriculture is about to buy 2,200 pounds of American and Egyptian cotton seed for the improvement of the quality of cotton raised in Turkey. The seed will be distributed in the provinces of Adana, Aidin and Salonika, according to the Levant Herald.

The exports of raw cotton from southern Nigeria in 1905 declined to 96,206 pounds, having been 285,639 pounds in 1904. This falling off is expected to adjust itself during the present year, when the new plantations will commence to yield, states the Government Gazette of the Nigeria protectorate. It has also been reported that there was some cotton to be shipped from northern Nigeria.

FOREIGN FINANCE.

Great Britain's public revenue in April, the first month of the fiscal year, amounted to £418,895, and expenditures, £21,260,261.

New capital issued in London from January 1 to May 5, amounted to $285,788,915, as against $434,216,505 in the same period in 1905.

Total operations of the Bank of Japan in the year 1905 amounted to $14,578,127,060, an increase of $5,744,166,420 compared with 1904.

The annual report of the Banque de Paris for 1905 shows that net profits amounted to only 10,804,853 francs, against 19,411,421 francs in 1904.

A loan of 100,000,000 francs will be shortly put on the Paris market for the French colonies in West Africa. The greater part is intended for Senegal and the Upper Niger, to improve the navigation on the two rivers.

Really an Awful Affair.

She—He married her for her money. Wasn't that awful?

He—Did he get it?

"No."

"It was."—Judge.

THE DOCTOR'S WIFE

Agrees with Him About Food.

A trained nurse says: "In the practice of my profession I have found so many points in favor of Grape-Nuts food that I unhesitatingly recommend it to all my patients.

"It is delicate and pleasing to the palate (an essential in food for the sick) and can be adapted to all ages, being softened with milk or cream for babies or the aged when deficiency of teeth renders mastication impossible. For fever patients or those on liquid diet I find Grape-Nuts and albumen water very nourishing and refreshing. This recipe is my own idea and is made as follows: Soak a teaspoonful of Grape-Nuts in a glass of water for an hour, strain and serve with the beaten white of an egg and a spoonful of fruit juice or flavoring. This affords a great deal of nourishment that even the weakest stomach can assimilate without any distress.

"My husband is a physician and he uses Grape-Nuts himself and orders it many times for his patients.

"Personally I regard a dish of Grape-Nuts with fresh or stewed fruit as the ideal breakfast for anyone—well or sick." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

In any case of stomach trouble, nervous prostration or brain fag, a 10 days' trial of Grape-Nuts will work wonders toward nourishing and rebuilding, and in this way ending the trouble. "There's a reason" and trial proves.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.

DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

This signature on every box. Allen S. Olmsted

For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

An official estimate places the acreage of timber in British Columbia at present at 182,750,000 acres.

The number of quart bottles of champagne in the French caves last year was 100,568,263.

The sugarcane estates of the West Indies have been made vastly more profitable by the introduction of steam plows and other labor-saving devices.

A London dentist has made a proposal of marriage in one of the most novel ways which have yet come to light. He fell in love with an elderly patient who ordered a set of false teeth from him. When the teeth were delivered the woman found a neat proposal engraved on the plate which held the teeth.

The British Zeitung am Mittag says that a Russian some time ago gave a ring worth $250 to a newspaper seller in the Friedrichstrasse for three copies of the Zeitung am Mittag. The period fixed by law during which the Russian could have regained possession of the ring recently expired, and the police have informed the newspaper seller that the ring is his lawful property.

It is estimated that from 400,000 to 500,000 natives have died in Africa of sleeping sickness in the last ten years. The disease is, moreover, spreading with alarming rapidity, yet nothing is done to check it. The weight of opinion is that no person once infected ever recovers. Despite its name, sleep is not an important symptom, as it occurs only towards the end of the disease in a small number of cases.

A curious case of museum robbery is engaging attention at Weimar. An agent offered some time ago to the Goethe-Schiller museum a series of Goethe manuscripts, which on examination proved to have been stolen from the museum itself. The agent explained that he had received them in good faith from a well-known antiquarian in Berlin. A search of the antiquarian's house brought to light many other documents belonging to the Weimar museum.

AMATEUR AERONAUTICS.

Do not stick pins into the envelope, even if the balloon is a stationary one.

Never leave the car while in motion—especially when at a considerable altitude. It hurts.

Do not throw out empty bottles when passing over densely populated urban rural districts; they will only get broken.

Should your grappling-iron "grapple" a harmless old gentleman and lift him off his feet, do not be too angry with him; let him down gently.

When passing over a friend's estate try and resist the temptation of dropping a sand-bag through his conservatory; somebody may be there, and besides, your friend may be a retaliator and a first-class rifle shot.

One on the Doctor.

A Baltimore physician who boarded a crowded car in Charles street, noticed a woman standing and a big German sprawling over twice the seat area that was necessary to him. Indignantly the physician said to his: "See here! Why don't you move a little so that this tired woman may have a seat?" For a moment the German looked dazed. Then a broad smile spread over his countenance as he answered: "Say, dot's a joke on you, all right! Dot's my vife!"

Good Test of the Dog.

Suburbanite (to visitor)—Oh, how are you? Come right in. Don't mind the dog.

Visitor—But won't he bite?

"That's just what I want to see. I only bought that watchdog this morning."—La Rive.

There is something wrong about the father who is not a hero in the eyes of his little ones.

ODD HAPPENINGS.

While scratching his nose with the end of a loaded revolver a man in Paris accidentally pulled the trigger and blew off the tip of the nose.

In the midst of an electric storm the Mariette fire whistle called out the med, who rushed about in the rain till the apparatus was drenched before it was discovered that lightning had played a prank on the department. There is an ordinance against turning in a false alarm.

The death lately occurred at Westbury workhouse, Wiltshire, England, of a 46-year-old "baby." The person was born in Westbury, and at the age of 12 months its further development, both physically and mentally, was arrested. Throughout its life it was attired in baby's frock clothes, and continued to act and play and had to be fed and taken care of precisely as an infant.

An extraordinary sudden death occurred the other day in Paris. A sexagenarian went to have his photograph taken. He sat in a chair before the camera, and as the photographer uttered the customary words, "Please don't move," down fell the old man on the floor. It was naturally supposed that the sexagenarian was in a fainting fit, but he was in reality dead, as the doctor who was sent for testified after a brief examination of the body.

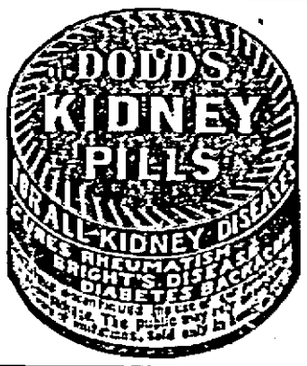
No Such Temerity.

Meekly—Yes, we're going to move to Swamphurst.

Doctor—But the climate there may disagree with your wife.

"It wouldn't dare!"—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Few girls would improve their intellects at the expense of their shape.



If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

We Aim to be the FOOD

Calumet Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price

MONICO.

Mr. John Steckle and family returned home Monday.

W. M. Richardson of Sheboygan returned home Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McMahon and Miss Hannah visited friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jillson and Mr. and Mrs. Dan Cook were fishing in Conover Sunday.

A base ball game will be given by the Three Lakes team and the Monico team next Sunday. A good game is promised.

H. Berg, of Hotel Monico will move this week to Wausau.

Charley Cooney who was called home at Joliett, Ill., on account of sickness of his father, returned Tuesday.

BRANTWOOD.

Miss Elina Saarela and Mrs. Timo Hanta were in Rhinelander this week.

Al. Hafner of Rhinelander transacted business here this week.

K. O. Knudson, H. J. Sanderson and John Hoffman are attending court at Phillips.

The town grader is busy on our highways this week and is doing some excellent work.

H. H. Graeber of the Stolle-Barndt Lumber Co., was as Knox this week looking after the log loading.

Pat Norton and family have returned from McCord.

"MINNESOTA LAKES."

An attractive summer booklet, handsomely illustrated and bound in art covers, telling about the summer recreation, pleasures and opportunities in the Lake Park Region of Minnesota. It's just the book for those who love fishing and hunting, boating and summer recreation at delightful lakes. It is sent free on request, to A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

CITY IMPROVEMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that a contract has been let for the macadamizing and the laying of curb and gutter on the following streets to wit:

Anderson from Brown to Pelham street; King street from Brown to Stevens street; Rives from Brown to Stevens street; Stevens street from Davenport street to Frederick street; Brown street from Rives to Frederick street; Thayer from the M. St. Paul and S. Ste. Marie Railway track to High street; Pelham street from Mercer street to Newbold street; Davenport street from the C. & W. Railway tracks to the Bridge, and all intervening street intersections, and that the expence of said improvement chargeable to the real estate has been determined as to each parcel of said real estate, and a statement of the same is on file with the City Clerk. It is proposed to issue bonds chargeable only to the real estate to pay the special assessments, and such bonds will be issued covering all of said assessment except in cases where the owners of the property file with the City Clerk, within thirty days after the date hereof, a written notice that they elect to pay the special assessments or a part thereof on their property, describing the same, on presentation of the Certificates.

By Order of the Council.
GEO. SWANBERG, City Clerk.
Dated June 20, 1906. j21-jy12.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
May 4, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on July 12th, 1906, viz: Mehitable Hamilton, who made H. E. No. 9594 for the S½ S½ Sec. 22, Tp. 37 N., R. 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel Moore, Samuel Hamilton, George J. Lyons and Charles E. Howe, of Rhinelander.

JOHN W. MILLER, Register.
m10jy7.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT AND ASSIGNMENT.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT FOR ONEIDA COUNTY.

In the matter of the estate of Teatie M. Beers. In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a special term of the county court, to be held in and for said county, at the office of the county judge, in the city of Rhinelander, in said county, on the second Tuesday, being the 10th day of July A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered.

The application of Samuel G. Bizzins, executor of the last will of Teatie M. Beers, late of the city of Rhinelander, in said county, deceased, for the settlement and allowance of his final account as such executor and for the assignment of the residue of the estate of said deceased to the persons by law entitled thereto.

Dated June 7th 1906.

By order of the court.
LEVI J. PHILLIPS, County Judge.
j14-28

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

16 inch green wood for sale.
tf. F. H. JOHNSON LUM. CO.

What's the good of keeping from him
Any good things you may see
That will lift his load of labor
Like Rocky Mountain Tea.
J. J. Reardon.

See Eby the land man, he has a few choice pieces of farm lands near the city for sale cheap and on easy terms.

The laxative effect of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets is so agreeable and so natural that you do not realize it is the effect of a medicine. For sale by
Anderle & Hinman.

June is here, the month of roses,
Month of open waists and hoses;
Month of graduates and brides,
Palm leaf fans and breezy slides.
Welcome, June, with all your bugs—
How's the early crop of bugs?
New Lisbon Argus.

Miss Bevins, city librarian, left Monday to attend the annual convention of the American Library association at Narragansett Pier R. I., which will be in session one week from June 29 to July 6. Miss Bevins expects to be away about three weeks visiting other eastern cities before returning to Rhinelander.

I have taken the Native Herb Pills for the past three years for stomach trouble; am better than I have been for thirty years. I cannot live without them. I would recommend them to any one.

MRS. C. B. HOWE,
m8jy. Rhinelander, Wis.
Sold by Mrs. Louis Annis, Agent.

F. Perry Boynton departed Monday evening for Durand, Wis., where his marriage with Miss Louise Rowland will take place today. The ceremony will be performed by the bride's father, Rev. Rowland, pastor of the Congregational church of that place. After a short wedding journey they will return to this city to reside.

WANTED:—Ladies to eat ice cream, the best in the city at Frenchie's Cafe.
E. S. HENNING, Prop.

Mr. Julius Howland, County Treasurer of Chippewa county was in this city Friday in the course of his canvass of the state for the nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of State Treasurer.

He said "I have, on this trip, stopped at Wausau, Merrill, Rhinelander and intervening points. On previous trips I visited Milwaukee, LaCrosse, Grand Rapids, Ashland and Washburn and found a gratifying outlook, having secured a good surplus of names above the one per cent of voters' names required by law.

"I leave tomorrow for Antigo on my way home which will about finish my canvass of the state. I found all branches of business active in all of the towns I visited on this trip."

Mr. Howland left here Saturday morning on the 5:15 train for Antigo.

FOR SALE—Three new milch cows. Inquire of LOUIS WAGNER.
316 Stevens St.

HOW TO CURE DYSPEPSIA.

Dietetics has at last become a science. The value of foods is determined in just the same way that the value of gold and silver, ores are determined by chemical analysis. The activity and extent of the stomach digestion can be greatly measured by the same system. Pawlow, Crittenden, Mendall, Hall, Fletcher, and others have recently conducted some very interesting and instructive experiments. They have found that the food taken into the body, digested, assimilated, and burned by exercise and oxidation gives off just as much heat as it could if burned outside of the body; hence the amount of heat given off by a certain quantity of any particular food represents the food value of the material used. When the condition of the body and the activity of the stomach has been determined a thorough and systematic regimen should be adopted to relieve the patient of the distressing symptoms of indigestion. It is not sufficient to follow some prescribed diet for a time in order to cure the patient, but the vital resources must be stimulated by means of water treatments so applied as to stimulate the action of the blood and the glands of the stomach. The nerves must be toned by massage and electricity. The stomach oft times must be supported by some brace after having been placed in its proper position. Neptune's girdle should be worn at night in some cases, while special treatments to relieve the stomach of gas and fermenting food must be taken in a large number of cases. We must know what causes the dyspepsia and must labor with zeal and knowledge to regain our health and vigor. It is owing to a careful and complete study of these troubles and their remedies that has enabled the Sanitarium at Madison, Wisconsin to relieve so many cases of indigestion and restore so many invalids to their families and friends.

The Very Best Remedy for Bowel Trouble!

Mr. M. F. Forroughs, an old and well known resident of Bluffton, Ind, says: "I regard Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as the very best remedy for bowel trouble. I make this statement after having used the remedy in my family for several years. I am never without it." This remedy is almost sure to be needed before the summer is over. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such emergency? For sale by
Anderle & Hinman.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

June 15, 1906.

At a special meeting of the Common Council duly called and held on the 15th day of June 1906. The following aldermen present: Anderson, Caulkins, Gary, Hanson, Morrill, Pecor, Roepcke, H. Roepcke, Rodt, Smith and Horr. The president, C. H. Roepcke in the chair.

Meeting called for to reconsider the street grade as given on Thayer street from Jct. of Harvey and Thayer to Jct. of Thayer and High street. The following resolution was read:

Resolved by the Mayor and the Common Council of the City of Rhinelander that the grade as established on Thayer street be lowered 15 inch at the Jct. of Thayer and High street then gradually lower such grade to conform with grade established at the Jct. of Thayer and Harvey street.

Resolved further that the Board of Public Works be and they are hereby instructed to make the necessary arrangements with the street contractor for doing such work. Introduced by Ald. H. Anderson. Said resolution was upon motion rejected.

Moved by Ald. Caulkins seconded by Ald. Horr that the Board of Public Works be instructed to give grade on said Thayer street from Harvey to High street as they deem it advisable and satisfactory to all parties on both sides of said street. Carried.

Moved and carried that the aldermen receive no compensation for this meeting.

Upon motion Council adjourned.

GEO. SWANBERG, City Clerk.

My line of wall papers for 1906 is now ready for inspection. Prices low. Patterns artistic.
J. J. REARDON.

Unknown Friends.

There are many people who have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with splendid results, but who are unknown because they have hesitated about giving a testimonial of their experience for publication. These people, however, are none the less friends of this remedy. They have done much towards making it a household word by their personal recommendations to friends and neighbors. It is a good medicine to have in the home and is widely known for its cures of diarrhoea and all forms of bowel trouble. For sale by Anderle & Hinman.

Christ. Roepcke,
MANUFACTURER OF
Heavy and Light Harness,
Prices from $32 to $78, strictly hand made.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE
DAVENPORT STREET

GRAVEL
For Concrete and Cement Work
Delivered to Any Part of City
Telephone 245-1.
JAMES BLACKMER.

Famous Hair Trout Flies
Beautiful Spinning Frogs and Minnows
Such as Perch, Bass, Ciseo, Etc. Pamphlet on Fly-fishing. Send for circulars and prices.
R. W. HUBBELL, Wautoma, Wis.

ROUMAN'S ICE CREAM
The best on earth

Wholesale and retail	$1.00 gal.
	25 qt.
	15 pt.
American Sundaes	15 glass
Fruit and Nut Sundaes	10 glass
Syrup Sundaes	5 dish
Ice Cream Soda	5 glass

Swellest Ice Cream Parlors in Northern Wisconsin.
ROUMAN & ROUMAN
32 Brown St. 'Phone 221-2.

GO TO
Lowell & Bross
For modern plumbing, fixtures and heating apparatus.
West King St. 'Phone 232-1

S. S. MILLER,
Attorney at Law.
Collections sharply looked after.
Office over First National bank

S. H. ALBAN,
Attorney at Law.
Collections promptly attended to.
Office in Merchants State Bank building

I. J. HILLINGS,
Attorney & Counselor.
Rhinelander, Wis.

J. T. ELLIOTT
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office over Dunn & Wood's Store. Night calls answered from the office. Phone 118.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

F. L. HINMAN, M. D.
RHINELANDER, WIS.
Office and Residence 16 Davenport St.

C. H. O'CONNOR,
DENTIST.
Office Corner Stevens and Davenport Sts Over Horr's store.
Sanoforme, the new anaesthesia, administered instead of gas.

Adam Johnson
—Dealer in—
Staple and Fancy Groceries, Hay, Flour and Feed
Sole agent for Dr. Peter's Kuriko Blood Medicine. $1.25 per bottle. Oleold, a celebrated liniment, 50c per bottle.
STORE 303 BROWN STREET.

PAUL BROWNE,
Attorney at Law.
Collections
Rhinelander, Wis.

A. W. SHELTON,
Attorney at Law.
Special attention paid to homestead law contests.
Rhinelander, Wis.

FOR SALE BY

Before that totally different wheel—the RACYCLE—was invented or even thought of, the Chicago World's Fair was a thing of the past. The
ONLY GRAND PRIZE
given in the bicycle class at the St. Louis World's Fair was awarded to the Racycle. Which will you ride for Fun, the winner, or one of the others?

I ALSO SELL
Sewing Machines and ...Phonographs
And do all kinds of light Machinery Repairing . . .
My store is on the corner of Rives and Thayer St.
M. KRISTENSON

Fire Works! Fire Works!
Everything in the line of Fire Works will be found at
The Racket Store.

"Frenchie's Checks Are Good"
WHERE?
At his Billiard, Pool and Lunch Rooms.
Everything in Season ready to serve. Fowls of any Kind.
We don't give something for nothing
But we give you your money's worth.
Come in and lock it over, it cost you nothing;
Welcome to all is Frenchie's "Motto."

Having remodeled and improved the interior of my store building, I an enabled to carry a larger and more complete stock of
Gent's Furnishings, Shoes, Hats and Groceries,
and solicit the patronage of Rhinelander people. My prices are the lowest and the most prompt attention given to all customers. "A customer neglected is a customer lost" is my motto. Call once and you will call always.
HANS ANDERSON,
I S. BROWN STREET.

WE WIN THE LAURELS
In competition for beer supremacy with the Rhinelander brand. Purity, palatability and all 'round excellence prove our claim to first prize for all that's best in beer. Singularly enough our charge for this wholesome beverage is little if any more than that made for inferior goods. $1.00 buys a case of pint bottles, with no additional cost for delivery any where in the city.
TRY OUR MALT TONIC
IT BUILDS YOU UP.
RHINELANDER BREWING CO.

Lewis Hardware Co.,
Dealers In
Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Crockery, Glassware and Dishes.
Wagons, Carriages, Cutters, Sleighs, Farm Machinery of all Kinds,
Paints, Oils, Building Material, Etc.
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN

Ten Thousand Lakes
in the
Park Region of Minnesota
Offer exceptional opportunities for delightful summer outings. Pleasant Hotels at numerous lake resorts. Pure air and a mild and agreeable summer climate. Boating, canoeing and summer recreation pleasures. Black and small-mouthed bass, pike, pickerel, mascallonge and all varieties of game fish.
MINNESOTA LAKES—An attractive summer recreation booklet, describing the Minnesota Lake Park Regions, sent free
Northern Pacific Railway
A. M. CLELAND,
General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE WINNING WAY.
HAVE you a winning way?
Some people have—others have a losing way.
Some people succeed in everything they attempt, others, though they work hard, or harder, fail.
Most people who fail blame their failure to "bad luck" and credit their neighbors success to "good luck".
We don't believe either in
GOOD LUCK OR BAD LUCK.
But we are firm believers in the winning way.
We have it ourselves. We have imparted it to thousands of others who, by following it, have been even more successful than we have been.
THE SECRET OF THE WINNING WAY.
Commonly called success, is preparation—special preparation.
No person ever made a permanent success in any line of business without special preparation.
No person having made intelligent special preparation ever failed of success.
Our business is preparing young men and women for business life.
Our success is shown by the fact that nine out of every ten of our graduates secure first-class positions. In fact we guarantee
POSITIONS FOR ALL WHO EXCEL.
More than 500 of our graduates are now employed.
They credit us not only with their education, but also with securing them positions.
Hundreds of bankers and business men throughout the Northwest, also vouch for our winning way, and what we have done for them and for our students. Would you like to know what they say of us?
Would you like to see the portraits of a thousand people whom we have taught the winning way?
Would you like to know why it is that our graduates succeed where others fail? If so, send for our beautiful catalogue.
DO IT NOW.
A postal card will secure it. Address:
WISCONSIN BUSINESS UNVERSITY,
LA CROSSE, WIS.

There is One Soda Cracker and Only One,
You do not know that Soda Cracker until you know
Uneeda Biscuit
To taste Uneeda Biscuit is to fall in love with them. You never forget that first taste, and you renew it every time you eat Uneeda Biscuit —
5¢ *In a dust tight, moisture proof package.*
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY